35p 6 January 1983 Vol 2 No 1

This Week

Spectrum software

John Scriven takes another look at some of the latest games for the ZX Spectrum. See page 12.

Data transfer

Kevin Griffiths presents a routine to transfer data from one program to another on the 16K ZX81 on page 23.

Software library

David Kelly talks to Alec Fry, founder of the Sinclair Owners' Software Library. See page 11.

Dragon graph

G Morton explains how to represent data on an x,y scale using a simple graph plotting routine on page 25.

Missile Command on Spectrum by Chris

GAME*

News Desk



Timex-Sinclair 1000 - already selling well in the US.

A US version of the Sinclair . ZX Spectrum is due to go on sale in Amèrica in the first quarter of 1983, possibly as early as January.

The machine will be marketed and sold exclusively by Timex in the US.

The American company's first product - the TS1000 (a 2K version of the ZX81) has been a runaway success since it was first launched in August.

Timex has now exceeded the necessary sales threshold beyond which it gains an exclusive licence to sell computer products based on Sinclair technology in North America. Under the agreement between Timex and Sinclair Research, Sinclair is now required to

Continued on page 5

Bug-Byte goes retail

BUG-BYTE is set to become the first major software house to cease trading by mail-order.

As of March the company will only be selling its range of software cassettes through retail computer shops and chain-

Bug-Byte's decision to phase out mail-order selling emphasises the extent to which the micro-computer industry is now looking to the High Street for most of its trade.

"At the same time as sales to the retail trade are increasing we are seeing a dwindling mail-order demand" explained Bug-Byte co-founder Tony Milner.

"Dealing with postal sales uses up 60 percent of our workforce but only brings in about 20 percent of the turn-

"Our last mail-order advertisement is due to appear in March and from then on we shall phase out postal selling. We are hoping that this will help our dealers - knowing that they will become our sole outlet."

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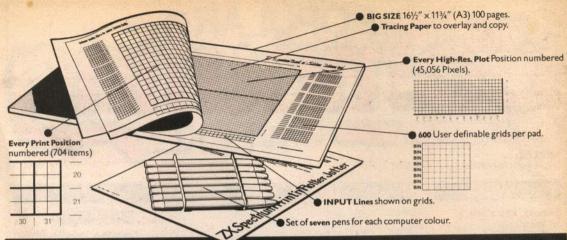
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Continued on page 28

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Sub-editor

Ninette Sharp

Editorial Secretary

Theresa Lacy

Advertisement Manager

David Lake [01-839 2846]

Advertisement Executive

Alastair Macintosh [01-930 3260]

Managing Editor

Duncan Scot

Publishing Director

Jenny Ireland

Popular Computing Weekly,

Hobhouse Court, 19 Whitcomb Street, London WC2

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Editorial

Anyone who has ever looked inside a Sinclair printer will know that it is more complex than it appears from the outside. Anyone who has ever taken a Sinclair printer apart will testify to the difficulty of putting it back together.

The Sinclair printer is a mass of little white plastic wheels and cogs, bestrewn with wires and connectors. The electric stylus, which burns through Sinclair's aluminised paper to form letters and characters, is attached to a

whirling rubber band.

But, for all the intricacy of the Sinclair printer's design, the end result is at best barely adequate. Burnt carbon from the aluminised paper tends to clog up the works, causing already faint listings to become completely illegible.

Mind you, even at £59.95 the Sinclair printer is still considerably cheaper than its rivals, so it is perhaps a little unfair to expect pristine copy every

But everyone who has suffered from the vagaries of the Sinclair printer will be glad to know that Sinclair is rumoured to be working on a four colour printer that will sell for around £70. I should emphasise that this is only a rumour, though Sinclair is known to be developing a printer of some sort. I shall await its appearance with anticipation.

Next Thursday

At last the mystery can be revealed. Battlestar, a unique computermoderated, play-by-mail game, starts next week. To enter Battlestar, a game which is exclusive to readers of Popular Computing Weekly, simply buy next week's copy.

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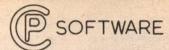
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News Desk 01-930 3271

US Spectrum

Continued from page 1

wind up its US computer selling operation.

The American division of Sinclair placed its last computer advertisement in September and was then given 90 days to conclude all outstanding business. But Sinclair's US office will be retained to market the company's flat-screen tv, when it becomes available.

A spokesman for Sinclair Research commented: "The Timex licence is now fully exclusive in the North American market and sales of Sinclair's own-brand computers there are now prohibited.

"The decision to sell a version of the Spectrum over there is ultimately Timex's but it must happen in the first quarter of 1983, possibly early in January."



Midwich joystick.

Joysticks from Midwich

MIDWICH Computers has introduced a range of joystick units to its add-on collection.

For use with the Dragon 32, Acorn, BBC, ZX81 and Spectrum machines, the analogue joystick potentiometers have a life expectancy in excess of 200,000 operations.

Since neither of the Sinclair machines are provided with a built-in analogue/digital converter, Midwich has also produced a high-speed joystick controller board.

The units are available from Midwich Computers, Rickinghall House, Hinderclay Road, Rickinghall, Suffolk and are priced as follows (including VAT): Dragon 32, £15.98 per pair; Acorn BBC, £13.00 per pair; ZX81/Spectrum, £15.98 per pair.

Dragon lament

A SMALL bug crept into the Dragon Singalong program in our December 16/23 issue. Line 40 should have read: 40 CLS:X\$=" ABCDEFG"

Imagine software

SENIOR staff at the Liverpool-based software company Bug-Byte have broken away to set up their own firm.

Dave Lawson, former software manager at Bug-Byte, and Mark Butler, until recently sales manager at Bug-Byte, have formed a new company — Imagine Software. Also involved in the new venture is Bug-Byte's former head programmer, Eugene Evans.

The first fruits of Imagine Software have appeared in the form of Arcadia, a new game for the Spectrum and Vic20. Two more games will follow on January 14.

"What we are doing now is entirely different from Bug-Byte," said Dave Lawson. "We hope to be able to produce at least two new games each month — and all our software will be original rather than versions of existing areade games."

At the moment Imagine software is available only by mail order. By the end of January, however, the program will be available in the high street chain stores and



specialised computer shops.

Bug-Byte remains undaunted by the departures.

"I gather some of our old people have set up an outfit just up the road," said Bug-Byte's Tony Milner. "We are not at all worried.— if anything we have become more efficient since they left.

"We're still good friends. They are not any competition yet but it will keep us on our toes," he said.

High Street training is 'essential'

DEREK Moon, managing director of Currys Micro Systems has hit out against selling microcomputers without specialist sales staff and aftersales

support.

"The market is not ready for cash and carry computers," he said. "Uncontrolled selling of home computers will cause retailers problems they haven't begun to imagine. If the shop staff are ill-informed or misinformed there will be a queue of customers dissatisfied with the retailer and disenchanted with the idea of home computing."

In line with this thinking Currys will only at present be selling microcomputers in high street branches in proximity to their nine Micro-C specialist computer shops. This will ensure that customers will not have to go far to sort out any problems they may have. By the New Year 37 of Curry's 512 branches will be selling micros.

Dixons is to send over 300 of its staff on a two-day intensive microcomputer training course. The 20-hour scheme will teach computer selling and also simple program writing. Dixons already sell the Commodore Vic20 computer and will shortly begin sale of the Camputers Lynx.

Young Computer Brain 1982



Derek Reynolds (left) and Peter Hall.

A FOURTEEN-year-old schoolboy from Newcastleupon-Tyne has been chosen as Young Computer Brain of 1982.

Derek Reynolds' winning program — designed to help handicapped people to teach themselves to use a computer — was selected from over 320 entries. As the winner he receives £2,000-worth of computer equipment from Commodore Business Machines and a trophy from the Sunday Times Magazine, joint sponsors of the event. The trophy was presented by Peter Hall,

Chairman of the Council of the British Computer Society at a ceremony held on December 13.

The competition was divided into three classes. Derek Reynolds was also chosen as winner in the 13-14 age section.

Rachael Gooberman from Oldham won first prize in the under 13s category for her entry on how computer-aided design could be applied to police Identikit methods. Lionel Tun from Mitcham won the 16-18 section with a program to provide computerised sleep therapy.

The aim of the competition, held every year, is to encourage young people to use computers to benefit society.

Scottish show

THE Personal Computer World Show is travelling north.

The Scottish Personal Computer World Show is to be held on April 16-18 (Saturday to Monday) at the MacRobert Pavilion, Ingliston, Edinburgh, More details from Jenny King on 01-486 1951.

Dragon schools' software

DRAGON Data plans a move into the educational software market early in the new year.

Initially the company is to produce a range of programs aimed at 4- to 11-year-olds. The software will be split into two groups devoted to teaching numeracy and literacy.

Later the catalogue will be extended with material for the 12- to 15-year-old range.

This expansion into educational software is to compliment the company's plans to produce a schools version of its Dragon32 microcomputer. The model, which will have a built-in RGB monitor and cassette player, is currently under development. HUGE SELECTION-OVER 400 IN STOCK!

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Joining the majority

Re 'The Monkey Puzzle', November 18, page 35: If the question was formulated by Seymour Papert exactly as quoted by your contributor, then it is not surprising that three-quarters of the students asked by Papert gave 'wrong' answers. As the question stands, the answer given as correct (that the rock goes up), is actually incorrect.

You stated that the monkey and the rock are of equal weight. In this case, in order to balance one another, as also stated, both must be resting partly on the ground; or both must be completely clear of the ground. The question asks whether the rock moves up, or down, or stays still, thus implying that it is free to move down, which means that it cannot be resting, even partly, on the ground. This means, in turn, that the monkey also must be completely clear of the ground, with the whole of its weight already on the rope.

Starting to climb up the rope will have no effect on the weight of either monkey or rock, so the rock will stay

where it is.

S Kane 66 Haw Road Co Antrim

Boris Allan replies: by pulling on the rock (to raise himself) the monkey effectively applies a turning force to the pully (ie a "couple") and thus the rock rises. The solution is a case of action/reaction, and the monkey rises at exactly the same rate as the rock.

On a winning ticket

May I express through your Columns, my thanks to David Lawrence for his Working Spectrum, a copy of which arrived this morning (November 17). As I ordered it on November 12, this must set something of a record in the world of micro-computers.

On a first swift look through the book it would appear to be invaluable and credit must also go to the designer for the very clear way in which the information is presented. No large chunks of indigestible text.

Thank you and the team for Popular Computing Weekly,

I'm a committed fan and look forward to each issue.

Marion Taylor 504 Ben Jonson House Barbican London EC2Y 8DL

Niggardly bug examples

Dare I say that the examples of Spectrum bugs offered by your correspondents (so far) have been niggardly, almost insignificant examples.

This one produces an entire incomprehensible screen dis-

play. First enter:

10 PRINT "xxxx";; GOTO 10 and RUN it.

The screen will fill up and the computer stops to ask Scroll? Press both shift keys together and then Enter.

Can anyone tell me what's going on?

John Bloxham 18 Lea Close Stratford-upon-Avon Warwickshire CV37 9JS

When a bug is not a bug

David Edwards's Spectrum "bug" reported in your December 9 issue is not only not a bug, it is actually documented on page 114 of the Spectrum manual, which fully explains the phenomenon.

For the uninitiated, 6 in extended mode generates a "paper yellow" control code sequence, ie Chr\$17 + Chr\$6. Pressing Delete once deletes the Chr\$17 leaving Chr\$6, which reference to the character code chart on page 183 will show is the control character corresponding to a comma in a Print statement, hence the cursor moves to column 16.

None of the other colour codes (0-5 and 7) have any meaning to the tv display, hence they are displayed as a question mark.

All this does is illustrate the interesting fact that Delete works on control code sequences starting with the first code and working through to the last, rather than the other way round as with normal displayed characters. Incidentally 9 in extended mode sets the Bright attribute, not colour white as stated by Mr Edwards.

There seem to be very few "real" bugs in the Spectrum, most of those reported are interesting quirks with little or no practical significance. My contribution to the "real but avoidable" category is that Clear does not do a Restore, contrary to the manual. This problem is overcome by the good practice of putting a Restore before any critical Read statements.

Kevin Gordon 41 Fennel Crescent Broadfield Crawley West Sussex

Bugged up and interesting

I think I have found another bug in the Spectrum — an interesting one. Normally when the computer gives an error code, the cursor disappears. Then, when a key is pressed, the message disappears and the cursor returns. But the following program gives a different result:

10 INPUT 3; a\$

When the program is run, the error message "J Invalid I/O device, 10:1" is given — but the cursor appears at the end! Any typing done then will appear on screen at the same time as the error report, which cannot be deleted. This does not disappear until Enter is pressed, when the message is removed before syntax checking starts.

Has anyone else noticed this fault? It seems to arise from the fact that you are telling it to accept data from the printer rather than the keyboard.

Bill Longley 388 Ipswich Road Colchester Essex CO4 4EX

In a minority with only 16K

As a reader of your magazine since No 1, I wonder if you (or anyone else) can explain to me why the authors of programs, and especially software companies who retail the various program cassettes, always assume that the maximum capacity of the ZX81 is only 16K.

I have a ZX81 32K. There must be many thousands like me, and also many thousands with 64K Ram packs, yet there

do not seem to be any cassettes on the market to take advantage of this.

The real reason I am writing is that recently I purchased a ZX81 machine code compiler only to find out that it just had variables A-Z, no strings and oarrays unless you used *Peek* and *Poke*.

As I wanted it to process the loops in programs using strings and arrays, but am not too familiar with the *Poke* command, the compiler couldn't help me a lot. The reason given in the instruction leaflet was lack of space as the ZX81 only had 16K Ram.

I would like to gamble that if a check could be made on all ZX81 users throughout the country that the 16K Rammers would be in the minority.

J Ashbourne 212 Cherry Sutton Hough Green Widnes

A moot point. It is a gamble I would like to take, but the thought of conducting a nationwide survey of ZX81 owners is a little daunting.

If you feel 16K owners are a majority/minority, please let us know.

Request for Vic adventures

After seeing the letter in Ayour September 23 issue about Vic adventure games, my friends and I decided to write to you asking for some.

We all own Vics and enjoy buying your magazine a lot.

A M Smith
E Midwinter
P Eastman
N Oakly
21 Willingdon Park Drive
Eastbourne
East Sussex

There was not a massive response to our request for Vic adventures, but there was enough interest to justify futher action. We hope to run an adventure feature some time in the New Year.

If you have an opinion you want to express, or have spotted an error that needs correcting, write to: Letters, Popular Computing Weekly, Hobhouse Court, 19 Whitcomb Street, London WC2.



A new game for the 16K Spectrum by Chris Wood

fter a visit down my local arcade for A fter a visit down my local allocation, I ideas for games for my ZX Spectrum, I decided that Missile Command would be fast enough in basic. Below is an outline of the program.

Lines 10 to 23

150

Set colours, and print instructions. Line 20 makes the cursor into the word Continue to

24 to 38 Creates the user definable graphics. Run when you get this far so that you know which ones to put in lines later.

Defines the remaining variables and sets up the screen. Line 47 enables you to print 40 to 85 on line 22.

90 to 140 The main game routine. Line 130 sends the program to the subroutine at 200 to check if a missile has been shot down if the 1(one) key has been pressed and there is still some ammunition.

Scans the Attributes of the cities on line 20 to see if they have been hit by missiles.

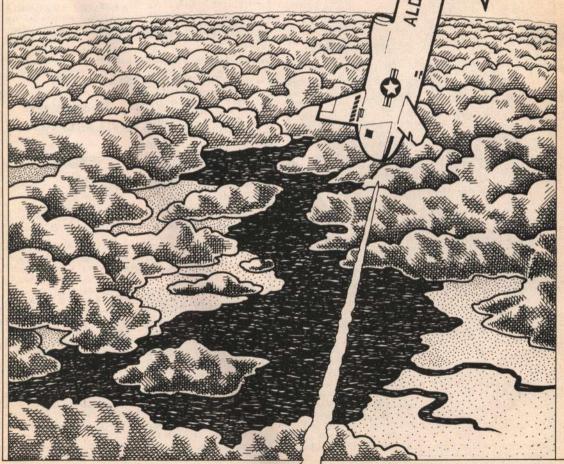
Sends the program to the 'enemy satellite' routine at 400.

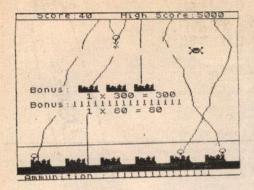
171 to 194 Works out the bonus for the remaining ammunition and cities according to the wave attack number.

Checks to see if a missile has been correctly hit; if it has it decreases the number of missiles by one and to ensure the correct missile is stopped the position of the last missile replaces the destroyed one. A mushroom cloud is printed at the end of the missile trace.

400 to 480 This is in effect a game on its own. It has had to be written like this to make it very fast and difficult, and to avoid clutter by putting it earlier. It is fast because the bonus is very large and there would be no point in making it too easy.

Full instructions for playing are included in the program.





Missile Command

10 RESTORE 0: PAPER 1. INK 7: BORDER 6: CLS : PRINT TAB 7; "Mis site Command" TAB 7; "____ 12 PRINT "An enemy power is sending it's" Intercontinent tal Ballistic ""Missiles to destroy gour cities."

14 PRINT It is up to jou to intercept "them with your last cannon "defense system, be fore they" level your cities. ser cannon "" defense system, be fore they" level your cities a follows: "" The controls are 31; "PKINT HI 21,0; PAPER 4; TAB
31; "APRINT AT 0,0; PAPER 0; "S
core: High Score: Sink
45 PRINT AT 0,9; PAPER 0; INK
7; SC; AT 0,26; hs. 1
45 LET 6n=bn+.5: LET r=3*(6-s)
LET e=5
47 POKE 23659,1: POKE 23689,2:
PRINT AT 22,0; INK 7; PAPER 0; T
AB 31; "AT 22,0; "Ammunition:"
1: FOR w=1 TO r: PRINT PAPER 1;"
1: NEXT w: POKE 23659,2
48 PLOT 0,30: DARW 255,0
50 LET x=10: LET y=10: LET x1=
x: LET y=19: LET y=10: LET x1=
x: LET y=19: V, OVER 1; INK 0
1.50 DIM h(6): FOR 1.50

50 DIM b(6): FOR i=1 TO 6: LET b(i)=-1+INT (RND*3): IF NOT b(i AND i)3 THEN LET b(i)=-1 65 IF NOT b(i) AND i<3 THEN LE b(i)=1 70 NEXT i

71 PRINT AT 20,0;"";
75 FOR n=1 TO 6-5: PRINT INK 0;
"BCD"; NEXT n
80 DIM a(6): DIM d(6): FOR i=1
TO 8: LET d(i)=8: LET a(i)=167:
NEXT i 85 DIM f(6): FOR i=1 TO 6: LE f(i)=INT (RND*40)*(6-s/2)+12: EXT i PEK 23678 AT X1,91; OVER 1; INK 0; "X" | PEEK 23677/9 AND b(i) (0) THEN LET b(i) = -b(i): GO TO 115 | 106 IF PEEK 23677/245 AND b(i): GO TO 115 | 110 IF INT (RND*4) = 4 THEN LET b(i) = -b(i): GO TO 115 | 110 IF INT (RND*4) = 4 THEN LET b(i) = -b(i) | 115 IF, x<17 THEN LET x=x+(INKEY \$="6") - (INKEY \$="7") | 120 LET y=y+(INKEY \$="8") - (INKEY \$="5") | 125 PETNT OF x (1) OUER 1: INK O \$="5")
125 PRINT AT x,9; OUER 1; INK 0; "X": LET x1=x: LET y1=y
130 IF INKEY\$="1" AND ()0 THEN
90 SUB 200 125 PRINT AT X,9; OUER 1; INK 0; "X": LET X1=X: LET Y1=Y 1=Y 130 IF INKEY \$="1" AND (>0 THEN GO SUB 200 1.45-j/2 150 FOR n=2 TO 27-(5*\$) STEP 5: FOR g=0 TO 2: IF ATTR (20,n+g)=1 150 FOR n=2 TO 27-(5*\$) STEP 5: FOR g=0 TO 2: IF ATTR (20,n+g)=1 150 FOR n=2 TO 27-(5*\$) STEP 5: FOR g=0 TO 2: IF ATTR (20,n+g)=1 150 FOR n=2 TO 27-(5*\$) STEP 5: FOR g=0 TO 2: IF ATTR (20,n+g)=1 170 FOR n=2 TO 27-(5*\$) STEP 5: FOR g=0 TO 2: IF ATTR (20,n+g)=1 170 FOR n=2 TO 170 160 NEXT g: NEXT n: NEXT n: NEXT n: NEXT n: NEXT g: NEXT n: NEXT g: NEXT n: NEXT g: NEXT n: NEXT g: INK 0; "BC 0": BEEP .25,6-v: LET \$2=\$2*100 171 PRINT AT 10,2; "Bonus: "; FOR U=1 TO 6-5: PRINT , INK 0; "BC 0": BEEP .25,6-v: LET \$2=\$2*100 172 PRINT AT 12,2; "Bonus: "; FOR U=1 TO 6=" "; SOR U=1 TO 190 INK (9,1"): NEXT U: NEXT U: NEXT U: NEXT U: NEXT U: TAB 10; INT (bn); " X "; C*5; "= "; SOR 175 IF SC 180 IF S=6 THEN GO TO 190 INK 7; AT 0,9 ; SC; AT 0,26; BSEP 01,48-9: NEXT g: INPUT ARNOTHER GO TO 190 INK 7; AT 0,9 ; SC; AT 0,26; BSEP 01,48-9: NEXT g: INPUT ARNOTHER GO TO 190 INK 7; AT 0,9 ; SC; AT 0,26; BSEP 01,48-9: NEXT g: INPUT ARNOTHER GO TO 190 INK 7; AT 0,9 ; SC; AT 0,26; BSEP 01,48-9: NEXT g: INPUT ARNOTHER GO TO 190 INK 7; AT 0,9 ; SC; AT 0,26; BSEP 01,48-9: NEXT g: INPUT ARNOTHER GO TO 190 INK 7; AT 0,9 ; SC; AT 0,26; BSEP 01,48-9: NEXT g: INPUT ARNOTHER GO TO 190 INK 7; AT 0,9 ; SC; AT 0,26; BSEP 01,40; FOR d=1 TO 6: IF INT (f(d) 78) = THEN LET (d) = f(e): BSEP 03,-10: "LET E=205 PRINT AT 0,9; PAPER 0; INK 70; BRINT AT 0,9; PAPER 0; INK 70; BRI)*20: PRINT AT 0,9; PAPER 0; INK
7;st
205 NEXT d
210 RETURN
400 PRINT AT X,9; OUER 0;"": L
ET X2=INT (RND*10)+3: LET X=10:
LET y=10: LET X=12:
LET y=10: LET X=12: LET y=19
405 FOR k=1 TO 29; PRINT AT X2,
406 PRINT AT X1,91; OUER 1; INK
7;"X"
406 PRINT AT X1,91; OUER 1; INK
7;"X"
410 IF y(28 THEN LET Y=Y+(INKEY
420 IF x(17 THEN LET X=X+(INKEY
420 IF x(17 THEN LET X=X+(INKEY
430 PRINT AT X1,91; OUER 1; INK
7;"X": LET X1=X: LET Y1=Y
440 IF x1=X2 AND Y1=X+2 THEN GO
TO 460 440 IF X1=X2 HND 91=X+2 THEN GO 445 IF X1=X2 AND 91=X+1 THEN GO TO 460 450 NEXT K: PRINT AT X2,29;" 455 RETURN 450 PRINT AT x2,k+1; FLASH 1; "E 470 LET SC=SC+500*INT (bn)
475 PAUSE 50
480 RETURN 1000 FOR N=0 TO 7: PRINT PEEK (U

Four of the top Spectrum and ZX81 games from Popular Computing Weekly on sale on one cassette at a special price of only £4.45 inc p8p. Laserchase, by Simon Lane. This top game for the 16K Spectrum now has the added feature of a Bomb facility. Kong's Revenge, by Jonathan Flint. This Kong game for the 16K Spectrum is one of the best you will see. Robot Control, by Simon Lane. This 16K game for the 2X81 uses machine code routines to make your flight from the robots even more deadly. Allen Attack, by Jeff Naylor. This machine code Space Invaders type program fits into 1K on the ZX81. You will not find better value for money Spectrum and ZX81 software. Order now from: Popular Computing Weekly, Hobbhouse Court 19 Whitcomb Street, London WC2 7HF Please make cheques/postal orders for £4.45 payable to Sunshine Publications. We can normally deliver within four to five days.



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Street Life Street Life Street Life Street Life Street Life



Alec Fry, at work with some of his staff.

At the library in Liss

David Kelly talks to Alec Fry, founder of the Sinclair Owners' Software Library.

Mention the idea of a software library to some software producers and they turn puce and have to be restrained. They see the library as an institution set up specifically to deprive them of sales.

Other software companies are content to coexist with libraries and take an

altogether different view.

Alec Fry runs one such venture — the Sinclair Owners' Software Library, based in deepest Hampshire. After only six months — the service started in July 1982 — the library has over 1,000 members and has more than 150 ZX81 and ZX Spectrum titles for hire.

"Last Easter I bought a ZX81," says Alec, "and I quickly realised that it was easy to spend as much on software as on the machine.

"So it seemed like a good idea to build up a stock of programs and start a library — I was surprised that nobody had done it heteror"

Membership of the Sinclair Owner's Software Library costs £8.50 or £9.50 a year, depending on whether you wish to hire ZX81 or Spectrum cassettes. For this you get a quarterly newsletter, a library catalogue and your first order form. In addition to the membership fee, a charge is made every time a tape is loaned out.

The library has to keep more than one copy of many of its titles. There are as many as 20 copies of some of the most popular cassettes.

Each cassette has a surprisingly short life. "Usually a cassette won't last much more than 15 or so lendings," says Alec. "By that time someone has creased the tape or it gets damaged in the post."

Each cassette is loaned for a two-week period but, in practice, most are returned before the time expires. Just like a book library, every cassette has an accompanying card stamped with its return dates.

Looking at these it is easy to see that the library stock seldom languishes on the shelves — tapes are often taken out and returned several times a month.

"When members return their programs we encourage them to give it a score. These assessments are then fed into my ZX81 and we compile a top 20 list of cassettes — based on how the members rate the programs rather than on the number of times it is taken out. The ones most in demand do not necessarily get the highest score.

Most members hire new tapes immediately after returning the old ones. This means over 50 returns every day. So the library now employs three people part-time, as well as Alec and his wife Erna.

"Nearly all our tapes are out on hire at any one time — if we have tapes on our shelves they tend to be the 1K ZX81 programs. At the moment adventures are going well and we get a lot of demand for Spectrum utilities."

To a software house the main headache a library throws up is that of illegal duplicating. Copying cassettes while they are out on hire is a very difficult problem to control.

"To start with I wasn't sure what sort of reactions we would get from software suppliers. I made one or two tentative enquiries before we set up the library and those software companies we spoke to seemed quite happy with our idea.

"Our service operates just like any other lending library — it's all perfectly legitimate. In fact, many public lending libraries now offer a music cassette lending facility — the local library in Liss certainly does. We are only doing the same with computer resenttes.

"At first all the money we earned went into building up our catalogue. We soon discovered there was a big demand for what we were doing. Luckily, all my business experience has been in mail-order. For the last 16 years I have been the managing director of a photographic supplies mail-order company.

"I knew roughly what we would be in for if the library turned out to be a success. If I had not been prepared we would certainly have been swamped — we are still getting 50 to 60 new members per week!

"We cater equally for ZX81 and Spectrum owners — in fact our membership is split right down the middle. Our range of ZX81 programs is greater, simply because the machine has been around longer.

"We choose which tapes we stock. There is often more than one program that does' much the same thing, particularly with utilities. Selection is made on the basis of manufacturer's literature and all our main suppliers keep us informed of new products.

"Of course there are a few suppliers who just don't want to know about software libraries. Some state on the cassette that it

may not be hired out.

"We always make our intentions clear when ordering tapes for the library. Of all the companies we have contacted, only eight will not sell to us — and we respect that view. In such cases we simply do not have those programs in our library.

"All the tapes we hire out are bought from the manufacturer and many companies regard us as a good customer because of the quantities we buy. We could never stock all of the material from each company. If a member hires a tape



Luckily, all his business experience has been in mail order.

from us and likes it then he or she may well go out and buy it for themselves. Alternatively, they may find that the programs from a particular company are very good and, when they have a new product, buy it.

"Obviously we discourage them from illegally making copies. Many of our suppliers send us special versions of their programs which auto-run and cannot be saved.

"It is a rule of membership that library cassettes must not be duplicated.

"It has been suggested that we should pay a royalty to software companies. A figure of 20 percent has been mentioned which would be ludicrous — it would be more than the hire fee.

"The software houses get their cut anyway — both on the new tapes we buy and on the replacements bought later. I'm sure tapes wear out much more quickly than books do in public libraries."

Escape!

John Scriven finds out whether the latest Spectrum games are good enough to save you money in the arcades.

A friend of mine said last year that he'd recently bought a micro to save money. On enquiring how this might be achieved, I was surprised to discover that it was not to help with home finances, producing sales graphs or calculating odds on football pools. He had calculated that he spent £1.50 on video games every time he visited his local hostelry.

If he were to buy a ZX81, he could stay in and play arcade games and, in less than four months, he'd have saved himself the purchase price. Needless to say, he was back at the 20p slot within a month, disillusioned with the standard of the

games he'd acquired.

Most were in Basic, very slow and could not compete with the colour and sound of the real thing. In the 18 months since this happened, micros have advanced considerably. The speed has been improved by the use of machine code in many games.

This review will consider how far the successor to the ZX81, the Spectrum, can emulate the original arcade games, or

even surpass them.

There are several games based on the Pacman theme as well as one or two Invader look-alikes. It would be pleasant to find rather more innovation in game concepts, but it seems the great British arcade-playing public prefers tried and tested ideas and new games take time to catch on.

Mazeman from Abersoft is a mazepursuit game that involves eating dots while avoiding four little ghosts who pursue you. If you've recently eaten a power pill, the hunters become the hunted for about eight seconds. Tackling them gives you extra points. There is on-screen display of men left, screens eaten, individual score and hi-score. On the whole it is a competent high-speed version but the choice of cursor control keys for movement, although logical, does not make for ease of playing.

Spookyman from Abbex is similar in concept to Mazeman and does have the advantage of easier control keys. In fact any key in the top row of the keyboard moves your player up, the bottom row moves it downwards, and the middle two rows are divided in half for left and right movement. This means you can select which keys are most suitable for you.

The reason why this is preferable to the cursor keys is that the movement on the screen is related to the geographical positions on the keyboard. It is more suitable for high-speed action games. The answer,



John Scriven, games evaluator

of course, is to use joysticks, and few games mention this facility.

This will doubtless change in 1983 when Sinclair, as well as Kempston, produce a joystick. Spookyman is very fast and does have a one- or two-player option, although all your turns have to be taken consecutively.

Spectres is the Bugbyte maze game and is similar to the two previous games. The graphics are more advanced and there is the entertaining story of Eddie the electrician trying to turn the lights on in a haunted house. But it is still a Pacman sheep in wolf's clothing. This is a fine product, but at £8, it is £3 more than the other two games, and as such, rather over-priced.

In its newly-announced collection of



software, Sinclair has included what appears to be yet another Pacman in the guise of *Hungry Horace*. It is soon clear, however, that a spark of originality lifts this game above run-of-the-mill maze games.

The maze has bridges and tunnels, an exit and an entrance through which an endearing little man appears. He has to be steered round, munching fruit that occasionally appears, while you avoid purple guards. If you reach what appears to be a bell, you can temporarily turn the tables on the guards and chase them. Should you negotiate the first maze successfully, there are three others that increase in complexity, the last one leading back to the first, but with an increase in difficulty. There is a sensible choice for movement keys and the sound of munching is very realistic.

This is one of the best Spectrum games and very addictive. It is noticeable that all

the Sinclair cassettes produced in conjunction with Psion are easily loaded and well-written.

New Generation Software has managed to achieve a maze games (Escape) that is both original and entertaining. The maze appears viewed from an angle of 45°, giving a 3-D effect. Vertical paths are obvious, horizontal ones often obscured by hedges. Difficulty is selectable from 1 to 5, and the object is to find a hidden axe and use it to batter down the exit.

No problem, you may think, except that dinosaurs (the same number as the difficulty level) pursue you. The graphics are excellent, especially a horrifying pterodon from which it is almost impossible to escape. Top scores are recorded, as is the time taken. My one criticism is the familiar difficulty of using the cursor keys for control.

There are two versions of Asteroids. Planetoids from Sinclair/Psion, and Meteoroids from Softek. The original arcade game provided you with a small triangular spaceship in the centre of the screen. Two buttons controlled rotation, and two more thrust and lasers. A panic button could hyperspace you to another part of the video universe.

The main enemy consisted of large chunks of interplanetary detritus that broke up until they were eventually vaporised. Additional excitement was provided by enemy saucers that shot at you. Avoiding this collection while destroying it was a challenge, but the graphics belonged to an earlier generation of arcade moneyspinners.

Planetoids copies the original faithfully, but uses the user-defined graphics facility to produce a much more life-like ship. Unfortunately the movement is not realistic, being both jerky and too easy to control. The original needed great skill to learn to use reverse thrust to prevent the ship careering off screen.

Softek's version suffers from a similar disregard for the laws of physics and has a simpler spacecraft. The meteoroids, however, are very solid in appearance and the game is more involved than Sinclair's, having shield and movement for protection. There is also the option to temporarily halt the game while you do the washing-up, the gardening or your homework without destroying your brilliant score. These are two versions of a rather dated game. Softek just wins on points. Sinclair's version does have a short game called Missile on the reverse which probably makes them of equal value.

Next come the obligatory versions of Space Invaders (yawn!), one from Sinclair/ Psion, Space Raiders, and one from Quicksilva, Space Intruders. Both include banks of invaders, laser cannons and buildings to shelter beneath. Sinclair's game has better graphics but is painfully slow. Quicksilva's version produces neat little invaders but rather simplistic ground shelters that disappear in big chunks and



cannot be used to fire through. This was a favourite trick on the arcade version. It is, however, fast enough to keep you awake during play, which is more than can be said for Space Invaders.

Another game that involves protecting a base from falling objects is Rox III from Llamasoft. You will need plenty of practice with this game to become proficient at destroying meteors as they crash near your moon base. Unfortunately, the advertising calls these Cruise missiles, which is factually incorrect — Lunar ballistic missiles would be more accurate — and in any case probably offends the not inconsiderable number of unilateralists in this country. The game itself is exciting and well written, as well as being good value at only £2.95.

Two games that push the potential of the Spectrum to its limits both originate from Silversoft. Perhaps "originate" is not the best word as they are both extremely good copies of complex arcade games. *Ground Attack* is a version of Scramble, in which you negotiate a tortuous tunnel system, bombing fuel dumps and shooting at rockets. There are controls for up, down, and sideways movement as well as bombs and laser buttons. It is a test of real dexterity to cope with the later stages of the tunnel. Good value at £5.95.

Silversoft's *Orbiter* seems to have reached the limits of Spectrum graphics. It reproduces almost all the features of *Defender* and is only slightly slower. The attack waves are all there, complete with little men, mutants, aliens, cluster bombs and the ability to fly to the left or the right. There is also the small radar screen at the top to show what sort of nasties are approaching.

I even found that using *Orbiter* for a few days improved my score on the arcade version. My small criticism is that there was no provision for a table of best scores. I'm sure that a great incentive to play arcade games is the ability to flash your name to all and sundry when you reach the top ten. Notwithstanding this, it's well worth £5.95.

There are two recently released games that attempt to boldly go where no arcade games have gone before. *Cosmos*, from Abbex, puts you at the controls of a spacecraft defending a convoy from the ravages of marauding aliens and the odd meteoroid. A radar screen in the corner_of the main screen shows your relative position while the rest of the screen is taken up with the view from the cockpit.

Rushing into the game without studying the clear, on-screen instructions caused me to blast away at my own convoy, thus scoring the minimum points in about 10 seconds flat. The next time, I took more care to explore the possibilities of the game. Although novel in concept, I felt it lacked the speed one expects from this type of game. It is interesting enough, however, to find a place in many people's collections.

Time-Gate from Quicksilva is described as a "4-D adventure". It is the most complicated cassette that is reviewed here, and contains not only the program of the game, but also a short training prog-

ram explaining the scenario and the use of the controls. This is obligatory viewing otherwise you will not have the faintest idea what is happening.

The sleeve notes on the cassette contain the traditional Quicksilva Sci-Fi story just to put you in the right mood. To be honest, I would have preferred a list of the large number of control keys. Meanwhile, the story so far... this end of the universe has been invaded for several millennia by reptilian thugs. In order to eradicate them it is necessary to discover time-gates that lead you back to the time when they first appeared. Destroy them before they breed and mankind is saved for posterity, or at least until you run the game again.

The screen display consists of the view from the front of the craft, a galactic co-ordinate chart, and a target computer. Steering and fire controls are simplified by a keyboard template that slips over a section of the keys. There is provision for use of a joystick. It is possible to change speed, to jump to another sector of the universe, and to land on a planet to refuel.

This graphic sequence is particularly striking, as is the 3D effect as you battle it out with assorted aliens. In spite of the excellent graphics and use of screen to show spacecraft condition, I was not alone in finding the initial excitement beginning to pall as I waded back through time. Waiting to catch up with fleeing aliens was irritating.

Although I have reservations, *Time-Gate* is a complex, visually superb game that is to be commended on its novelty.

All the games here show how far home computers have progressed over the past 18 months. I wanted to show my friend with the ZX81 what he was missing, but he wasn't at home, I discovered him later in the corner of my local, scampering up video trees as he played "Donkey Kong". "Now here's a real game," he said, feeding another 20p into the slot.

| Name | Туре | Supplier | Cost | Value |
|---|---|-------------------------------|--|-------|
| Planetoids/Missile | A | Sinclair | £4.95 | 7 |
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| Ground Attack | | Silversoft | £5.95 | 9 |
| Meteoroids | A | Softek | £4.95 | 7 |
| Rox III | 2000年2000年 | Llamasoft | £2.95 | . 8 |
| Spectres | M | Bugbyte | 28.00 | 6 |
| Space Intruders | 1 | Quicksilva | £4.95 | 6 |
| Time Gate | 3D | Quicksilva | £6.95 | 7 |
| Mazeman | M | Abersoft | £4.95 | 7 |
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Bugbyte, Freepost, Liverpool L3 3AB.

see article

Open Forum is for you to publish your programs and ideas. Take care that the listings you send in are all bug-free. Your documentation should start with a general description of the program and what it does and then give some detail of how the program is constructed. We will pay the Program of the Week double our new fee of £6 for each program published.

Race Maze

on ZX81

This is a games program, in which you are challenged to race your car through a complicated maze in the shortest possible time. If you are unlucky and crash, five seconds are added to your final time. At the very beginning of the program the

instructions are printed out, then the screen is cleared and the maze is printed out in fast-mode.

The movement of the car and the checking to see whether you have crashed is all done using *Peek* and *Poke*. Then the rest of the program is made up of the subroutines, one for crashing and one for printing out the end time and crashes.



LET T=6 FOR N=1 TO 10 PRINT AT T,21; "B" LET T=T+1 NEXT N PRINT AT 12,21; "B"; AT 13,21 LET U=4 FOR N=1 TO 14 PRINT AT U,25; "M" LET U=U+1 NEXT N PRINT AT 8,25; "M"; AT 9,23;" LET U=2 FOR N=1 TO 15 PRINT AT U,25; "#" LET U=U+1 NEXT N PRINT AT 4,25; "#"; AT 5,25;" 417 SLOU 420 LET PI=20576 425 PDKE PI,136 426 LET PI=1156 426 LET PI=1156 427 LET PI=1156 428 LET PI=136 429 LET PI=136 420 LET PI=136 420 LET PI=137 THEN GOSUB 3 433 IF PEEK PI=136 THEN GOTU 66 440 IF PEEK PI=8 THEN GOSUB 200 IF PEEK PI=3 THEN LET PI=0I IF PEEK PI=5 THEN LET PI=0I IF PEEK PI=131 THEN LET PI= Race Maze by Mark Greer

Hoi Sin

on Spectrum

This not so ancient Chinese game will run happily on your equally not so ancient ZX Spectrum. It will require oriental patience and much eastern ingenuity.

There are no difficulty levels to choose between because there is only one level—

difficult. The instructions are included in the listing and are very comprehensive.

There are no aliens to shoot down, no mazes to get through, nor time limits to beat: all you have to beat is your own ability to think logically.

There is an old Chinese proverb which says the man who can be defeated is the man who does not try.

Program notes:

1 to 175 Setting up arrays and instructions. 185 Clears b\$. 190 to 210 Sets up a random board. 230 to 260 Inputs and checks move. 256 to 275 Makes the move.

280 to 285 Checks for completion. 290 to 315 Displays score, asks for another game. 335 to 380 Special move.

Subroutine 1130 prints reference board. Subroutine 1230 prints the up-to-date working board.

S LET 3=0: LET m1=0: LET 9=1:
DIH b(16): DIM b\$(16)
10 INPUT "do you want instruct
1005 7 (19/0): 12.5
25 DONEE 20509.60
45 17 as="n" THEN GD TO 180
55 PRINT AT 8.0: PAPER 1; "the b
66 PRINT AT 8.0: PAPER 1; "the b
67 AS INTO THE 10: ""randomy of
60 PRINT AT 8.0: PAPER 1; "the b
67 AS INTO THE 10: ""randomy of
60 PRINT INS 2; "Tandomy of
60 PRINT AT 60 PRINT AT 60
61 PRINT AT 21.3; PAPER 7; INK
62 BRIGHT 1; "Press any key to
63 PRINT AT 21.3; PAPER 7; INK
63 PRINT AT 21.9; PAPER 7; INK
64 PAPER 7; INK 2; "Valid soves

76 PRINT PAPER 7; INK 1:AT 5:1
75. PRINT OUER 11,579 10 11
75. PRINT OUER 11,577 9 10 11
75. PRINT OUER 11,574 79 10 11
15. 11, AT 5:4; AT 5:5; AT 5:5

0; and you ":AT 4,10; "rotated ":AT 5.10: "position ":HT 6,10; "
Y 2 " PRINT UVER I; FLRSH 1
AT 3,3; ": FOR f=0 TO 700: NEX 1
120 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 9,1
120 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 9,1
120 GO SUG 1230
145 LET 0.1: PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,10; "becomes 1.5 FOR i.2 TO 7: LET bs(i):CHR 5(i):CHR 15.16; "AT 200 SUG 1230
1.5 LET 0.1: PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 15.16; "AT 21,3; PAPER 7; INK 2; BRIGHT 1; "Fress any key to continue": PAUSE 9000 CLS: BORD ER 7
150 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AN 150 PRINT PAPER 1

165 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; " To make this move input -1' as your move and you will be o' ake this move input -1' as your move and you will be o' ake this move input -1' as your move and you will be o' ake the self of the two is to to exchange " if you print of the print of the thing of the print of the p

```
ILLEGAL MOVE-TRY AGAIN

265 LLT 125 141 151 LET 78:85(1): LET

165 LLT 165 141 151 LET 78:85(1): LET

275 PRINT PAPER 7; AT 19,0; "...

275 PRINT PAPER 7; AT 19,0; "...

280 FOR 1=1 TO 16: IF CHR$ (1+6

1,06 Still Hen GO TO 235

290 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0; "...

290 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0; "...

290 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0; "YOU ORDERED THE BOARD IN

"...

390 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0; "YOU ORDERED THE BOARD IN

"...

290 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0; "YOU ORDERED THE BOARD IN

"...

300 INFO 190 A 360 A 10 A 10,0

315 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0

326 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0

327 US 17 SS (1) = "" THEN GO TO 10

328 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0

329 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0

320 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0

321 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0

326 PRINT PAPER 6; INK 0, AT 2,0

326 PRINT AND 10,0 A 10,0
```

PROGRAM OF THE WEEK

360 FOR h=1 TO LEN ys. IF CODE ys(h):48 OR CODE ys(h):57 THEN G

360 NEXT h: LET y=04L ys
375 LET y=05+1: Then PRINT ref y=06 Next y=07 Next

Screen scrolls

on ZX81

The ZX81's Scroll and CLS routines are very slow, and this can be frustrating when you are trying to write fast-action games in Basic. Also the lack of lateral scrolls and a downward scroll can be quite maddening.

To get over this I have written five short machine code routines that are totally relocatable in Ram.

To work through, these routines need at least 31/4K of Ram.

The first listing is ready for treatment by Bug-Bytes ZXAS program — for those fortunate enough to own one. I have also given a simple Hex Loader program and a Hex Dump of the machine code, for programmers without the ZXAS program. To relocate the program just change the addresses set in line 20.

To enter the machine code type in the simple Hex loader and Run. Now key in the complete Hex Dump. If you make a mistake type "S" and Run again. When you have finished delete lines 10-130. The machine code is now held in line 2 and is ready for use.

To enter the machine code with an assembler enter line 2 as in the simple Hex loader and type in the Mnemonics. Now GOTO 9000 and then delete lines 3-9060.

If you do relocate the program, starting at address X then the call up points are as

 follows:
 scroll Up
 = x

 Scroll Down
 = x + 27

 Scroll Right
 = x + 56

 Scroll Left
 = x + 85

 CLS
 = x + 110

The routines only scroll the first 22 lines leaving the bottom two free for scores/ times to be *Poked* in and left unchanged after using the *Scrolls* or *CLS* routine.

Only one line is moved at once, like the

ZX81's scroll command does. It also blanks the line that is left stationary by the routines.

The Assembler Listing

Line 2 holds the machine code. Line 10 opens the assembler file.

Lines 30-150 scroll the screen up by using the instruction LDIR. The routine uses

registers DE, HL and BC. Lines 170-330 scroll the screen down by using LDDR. It uses registers BC, HL and

Lines 350-530 move the screen to the right. It uses LDDR in a different configuration to before. The registers used are A, HL, DE and BC.

Lines 550-720 move the screen left.

The routine uses the instruction LDIR to do all the moving. Registers used are A, HL DE and BC.

Lines 740-890 clear the screen. By adding lines:

815 SET 7,A CB FF 820 LD (HL),A 77

the CLS routine can become a screen invert routine. But to do this line 2 needs one extra "X" and the RESET-PRINT POSITION routine moves up by one byte but the label system on the Assembler automatically corrects this. The registers used are HL. BC and A.

Lines 910-980 are the reset print position routine. This is required by all routines otherwise some important system variables will be set incorrectly upon returning to Basic.

Line 990 closes the assembler file.

Lines 9000-9060 are the assembler control program. Line 9010 should be changed if you wish to relocate the program.

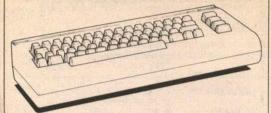
I have also written a very simple demonstration program just to show one way of using the routines, but they have limitless capabilities.

These routines are very flexible so have a go at adapting them to do different jobs, such as blanking the unscrolled line with a different character. It is easier to manipulate the routines if they are stored above a lowered Ramtop.

```
HEX DUMP OF SCREEN SCROLLS

18514 ED 58 0C 40 D5 21 21 00
16522 19 01 55 02 C5 ED 50 C1
16532 19 01 55 02 C5 ED 50 C1
16532 19 01 55 02 C5 ED 50 C1
16533 F5 18 58 61 D5 02 28 62 10
16534 F5 18 58 61 D5 02 28 62 11
16535 F6 18 56 01 D5 02 28 C5 E1
16552 23 36 00 23 10 F5 16 4E
16552 02 10 55 52 28 C5 E1
16552 02 10 55 52 28 E1
16552 02 10 55 52 28 E1
16552 02 10 55 52 E1
1652 02 10 55 52 E1
16552 02
```

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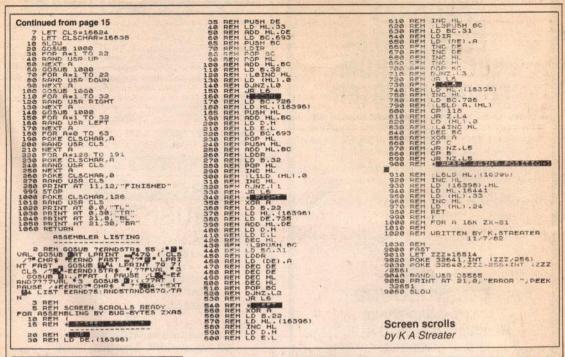
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Calendar for 1983

on BBC Micro

This program will draw a 1983 calendar. The variables used are:

D\$(J) = Day of the week.

- = Year for the calendar (1983). Y\$
- = Number of days in the month. M
- M\$ = Name of the current month+Y\$.
- L\$ and LL\$ are ruling lines.
- S\$ = Two spaces.
- T\$ = 20 spaces. U\$
- = Underscore the headings.
- = Length of each heading.
- T = End position of a heading.
 - = 1st January / loop variable.
- = Days in month / loop variable.

To run the program:

1. Type 'RUN', then adjust position of

paper before switching on the printer to set the TOP OF FORM position. Press 'RETURN'

- 2. At the end of a month the printout will stop to allow you to adjust the paper position, or insert a fresh sheet of paper.
- 3. Press the SPACE BAR to continue printing, to the year's end.
- Rulings can be changed by duplicating line 350 and inserting the extra L\$ rulings at new line 335 so giving more space for each day's entries. A dummy GET statement after the J = 1 on line 340 will halt printing at the end of each week.
- 5. January 1st, 1983, is Saturday, the seventh day, hence J = 7 on line 220. For any other year the value for J must be reset and also Y\$ in line 50. On leap

vears alter February 28 to 29 on line 150.

On the BBC Micro add line 90 VDU 1,27:1,65:1,10 to change the line spacing to 10/72 inch on the Epsom 80 printer and give a 10.5 inches page length for 31 days.

For many machines unpredictable results can be avoided by switching on the printer and entering all the printer instructions in direct mode from the keyboard first. These can be checked with a dummy run before the Basic program is loaded.

The 'string-forming' routine, on lines 260 to 300, is compatible with all Basics and will be found useful as a subroutine in other programs besides this one. M\$ is left padded with spaces to ensure good centring whereas the dates are left-justified to a standard format in line 330. A double line is ruled at the end of each week in line 340.

```
CALENDAR FOR 1983
                                                                                                                 250 FORK=1T012: READM$, M
  20 REM
                                                                                                                             RK=11012: READMS, M

M$=M$+Y$: U$="

L=LEN(M$): T=L/2+20

FORI=1TOL: U$=U$+"=": NEXT

PRINTRIGHT$(T$+H$, T)

PRINTRIGHT$(T$+U$, T)
  30 REM
  40
        DIMD$ (7)
                                                                                                                 270
       S$="
T$="
                     ":Y$=" 1983"
                                                                                                                 280
                                                                                                                290
300
  60
  70
  80
        LL$="================
                                                                                                                 310
                                                                                                                             PRINT
                                                                                                                             FORD=1TOM
  90
                                                                                                                 320
        DATASUNDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY
DATATHURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY
100
                                                                                                                 330
                                                                                                                                 PRINTRIGHT$(S$+STR$(D),3);S$;D$(J)
IFJ=7 THEN PRINTLL$: J=1: GOTO 370
110
                                                                                                                 340
                                                                                                                 350
                                                                                                                                 PRINTL$
        REM SET FEBRUARY, 29 ON LEAP YRS.
                                                                                                                                 J=J+1
NEXT D
130
                                                                                                                 360
140
        REM
                                                                                                                 370
140 REM-

150 DATAJANUARY, 31, FEBRUARY, 28

160 DATAMARCH, 31, APRIL, 30, MAY, 31

170 DATAJUNE, 30, JULY, 31, AUGUST, 31

180 DATASEPTEMBER, 30, DCTOBER, 31

190 DATAMOVEMBER, 30, DECEMBER, 31

200 FORJ=1TU7: READD# (J): NEXT
                                                                                                                             X=GET:
NEXT K
                                                                                                                                              REM DUMMY INPUT PAUSE
                                                                                                                 390
210 REM Saturday = 1st January
220 J=7: REM Saturday = 1st January
230 REM ALTER J TO SUIT ANOTHER YEAR
                                                                                                                 Calendar for 1983
                                                                                                                 by L Hurst
```

Trace

on Vic 20

This program is an analogue display for Vic20 with 3K Super Expander, which uses a twin moving trace resembling that used in electrocardiographs, oscilloscopes, etc. The various parameters can be quickly altered to suit any particular

application. I reckon this program could be of immense value to hobbyists and experimenters for monitoring and displaying various inputs from external equipment.

The inputs are made through the control port of the Vic using the two paddle inputs. The program as I've supplied it runs as fast as possible (fastest trace scan) but should the user need a more rapid trace, he can dispense with the Vertical numerical col-

umn or alternatively, increase the increments in lines 50, 52 and 55.

The "unaffected" position of the two traces can be changed by altering the plussed-on values in lines 28 and 30. The traces automatically renew after each scan using line 56. Sound could be added to give a signal if the traces or just one trace, perhaps, reaches a certain position, to sound an alarm.

```
1 REM TWIN-TRACE DISPLAY
2 REM R. BARTON.
3 A=50
4 GRAPHIC2
6 COLOR0, 3, 1, 1
10 CHAR0, 0, "9": CHAR1, 0, "8": CHAR2, 0, "7": CHAR3, 0, "6": CHAR4, 0, "5"
11 CHAR5,0,"4":CHAR6,0,"3":CHAR7,0,"2":CHAR8,0,"1":CHAR9,0,"0"
12 CHAR10,0,"9":CHAR11,0,"8":CHAR12,0,"7":CHAR13,0,"6":CHAR14,0,"5"
13 CHAR15, 0, "4": CHAR16, 0, "3": CHAR17, 0, "2": CHAR18, 0, "1": CHAR19, 0, "0"
28 Y1=PEEK(36872)+35
30 Y2=PEEK(36873)+560
50 DRAW2, A, Y1TOA+30, Y1
52 DRAW2, A, Y2TOA+30, Y2
55 A=A+30
                                           Trace -
56 IFA>=1020THEN:SCNCLR:A=50
                                           by Richard Barton
100 GOTO10
```

Screen store

on Spectrum

This program is based on a very short machine code routine, stored above Ramtop, which will load one of up to five screens stored in memory immediately into the screen memory area. It needs only a small Basic program to display these screens instantly. The Spectrum can produce high resolution pictures, but it takes a long time. This program will not speed up that process, but at least they can be called up fairly rapidly.

A screen of data on the Spectrum is 6912 bytes long, so starting at the top of memory, and subtracting, we end up with the following addresses: 58624, 51712, 44800, 37888, 30976. The machine code is 12 bytes long giving us address 30964. So to reserve the space in memory we CLEAR 30963.

I used "prog 1" to load the machine code and if all has gone well on running it,

the result shown should be printed. The machine code is based on the LDIR instruction which will perform a transfer of a block of memory from one place to another. BC is loaded with the length of the block, HL with the address the block starts at and DE with the destination address. So BC is loaded with 6912, HL with 58624—the first address of our screens and DE is loaded with 16384 the starting address of the display file. A RANDOMISE USR 30964 will now call up this machine code.

When this space has been reserved and the code entered it is possible to load up to five different high resolution screens into memory. This is done by using a pre-recorded screen and using the direct command LOAD " " CODE 'address'. Where 'address' can be one of the five mentioned previously. To move a different screen to the one at location 58624 we must change the value of HL. So different values must be poked directly to addresses 30968 and 30969. Fortunately the length of the Spectrum's display file is an

exact multiple of 256 so we can leave address 30968 at '0' and poke 30969 with the required value. These are: 229, 202, 175, 148, 121.

The driver program will (from line 2) display a different screen every few seconds, depending on the *Pause* value in line 5. Once all five screens have been entered above Ramtop they can be stored on tape by SAVE "name" CODE 30964,34572. What I did was to save "SL" line 1, the driver program, just before all the code so that it would load and run the code automatically.

It is possible to lower Ramtop even further and get another screen in but this leaves only enough room for about three lines of Basic! Alternatively Ramtop could be raised to store the minimum required number of screens. This program allows a high resolution screen to be instantly available in an ordinary Basic program and so it does not have to be loaded in separately at the beginning directly on to the screen

```
67 LD
70 LD
73 LDIR
                                                                                                                                                                      HL,58624
DE,16384
                                                                        30974 176
30975 201
30964 LD
      1 REM
               SCREEN LOADER
                                                                                               BC,6912
                                                                                                                   9 27
                                                                                                                                                        0) REM
Five screens may be loaded, at
locations: 58624 : 51712 : 44600
37685 : 30976 Using the command"
LOAD "CODE (location).
                                                                        30967 LD
                                                                                                                   33 !
0 ?
229 RESTORE
                                                                                               HL.58624
   DE, 16384
                                                                                                                   17
64
                                                                        30970 LD
                                                                                                                                                 1 BORDER 0: PA
LEAR 30963: PRINT
AUE TAPE RUNNING
                                                                                                                   237 GO SUB
                                                                        30973 LDIR
                                                                                                                                                 E 2 DATA 175,202,229,202,175,14
8,121,148,1
3 READ a: IF a=1 THEN RESTORE
GO TO 3
4 POKE 30969,a: RANDOMIZE USR
30964
5 PAUSE 5: GO TO 3
                                                                                                                   201 ()
           073
023
027
064
237
                                                                        30964 LD
30975 RET
30976 NOP
30977 NOP
                                                                                               BC.6912
                                                                                                                                                 Screen store
                                                                                                                                                 by Keith Robertson
```

Polar plotting

on BBC Micro

This program is written in Basic for a BBC Microcomputer with 32K of Ram. It uses Mode 2 to produce a series of shapes with the high-resolution graphics. The computer will draw screens of circles, ellipses, spirals, and flowers.

Between each screen there is a brief pause, the screen will then clear and the next set of shapes will be drawn. Pressing Escape at any point will end the program, otherwise it will loop continuously.

Program notes:

50 to 80 Initialise - Calls PROCintro, which prints

a brief introduction, ON ERROR set by line 790, the cursor is turned off by line 70 and a graphics window is defined in line 80.

100 to 580 Main loop — Draws screensful of each of the shapes, each one being separated by a delay of several seconds. PROCplot is called to do all the drawing.

600 to 770 PROCplot — This procedure controls all of the plotting used to draw the various shapes. Eight parameters are passed from the main loop to this procedure. The first is the polar equation of the shape to be plotted. The other parameters control the size of the shape, its position on the screen and whether it is to be filled in or not. Lines 640 to 690 is the loop that converts each polar co-ordinate supplied from the equation into ordinary X-Y co-ordinates. Lines

710 to 760 fill in the shape if required, i.e. if FL1% is passed as true.

780 to 930 PROCintro — initialise.
940 PROCwait — Provides delay of required number of seconds.

The technique used to draw all the shapes is that of polar plotting, which allows points to be represented by a distance and an angle rather than two distances. All this does is allow complex shapes to be represented by simple equations. i.e.: the equation of a spiral is r = theta.

The program is quite slow, since it is written in Basic, however, it does produce some nice effects. With Rem statements removed it occupies under 2K.

```
10 REM Polar Plotting Demonstration
20 REM Written for the BBC MICRO
30 REM Model B by M.J. Dunn
 40 REM Initialise
 50 MODE 7 PROCintro
60 MODE 2
     REM Turn off cursor
     VDU 23;11,0;0;0;0
 75 REM Define 9raphics window
80 VDU 24,0,0,1279,975,
     REM Main Loop
 90
100 REPEAT
        COLOUR 1 PRINT TAB(6) "CIRCLES"
110
        FOR N%=1 TO 8

GCOL 1,RND(7)

PROCPlot("2",RND(1279),RND(1023),RND
130
140
        (100)+40,1,2,TRUE,FALSE)
150
        PROCwait(3)
160
        CLG
FOR N%=1 TO 8
170
180
       GCDL 1,RND(7)

PROCPlot("2",RND(1279),RND(1023),RND

(100)+40,1,2,FALSE,TRUE)
190
200
210
           NEXT
        PROCwait(3)
220
        CLS
        CULOUR 2:PRINT TAB(6); "ELLIPSES"
FOR N%=1 TO 8
GCOL 1:RND(7)
PROCE lot("3/(2+COS(theta))" .RND(1279),
RND(1823);RND(100)+40,1,2,TRUE,FALSE)
240
250
268
270
280
           NEXT
        PROCWait(3)
290
300
        CLG
        FOR N%=1 TO 8
310
           GCOL 1, RND(7)
           PROCPlot("3/(2+COS(theta))", RND(1279),
330
        RND(1023), RND(100)+40,1,2, FALSE, TRUE)
340
           NEXT
350
        PROCwait(3)
360
        CLS
370
        COLOUR 3:PRINT TAB(6); "SPIRALS"
380
        FOR N%=1 TO 7
           GCOL 0.N%
PROCPlot("theta",640,512,10,N%,4,FALSE,
390
400
        FALSE)
410
           NEXT
        PROCwait(3)
420
430
        CLG
FOR N%=1 TO 7
440
450
           GCOL 1.NX
460
           PROCPlot("theta", 640, 512, 10, N%, 4, FALSE,
        TRUE
470
           NEXT
488
        PROCwait(3)
490
        CIS
        COLOUR 4: PRINT TAB(5); "FLOWERS"
500
510
        FOR N%=1 TO 8
GCOL Ø, RND(7)
520
        A%=RND(16)+4
PROCPlot("1+COS(theta*A%)",RND(1279),
RND(1023),100,1,2,FALSE,FALSE)
530
540
           HEXT
560
        PROCwait(3)
570
580
        019
        UNTIL FALSE
```

```
610 DEFPROCPlot(eqn#, XX, YX, SF, S, NX, FLX, FL2%)
628 LOCAL theta.n.x/9/x1%/91%
638 IF FL2% THEN x1%=RND(208)-100/91%=RND(208)-100
648 FOR theta=8 TO N%*F1 STEP.0663
         r=(EVAL(eqn$)*S)
650
         X=r*COS(theta)*SF+XX:y=r*SIN(theta)*SF+YX
IF theta=0 THEN MOVE x,y ELSE DRAW x,y
IF FL2% THEN PLOT 1,x1%,y1%:MOVE x,y
660
670
680
         NEXT
690
      IF NOT FL% THEN ENDPROC
700
705 REM Fill Shape
710 MOVE XX, YX
710
720 FOR theta=0 TO N%*PI STEP .063
730 r=(EVAL(eqn#)*S)
740 MOVE r*COS(theta)*SF+X%,r*SIN(theta)*SF+Y%;
      PLOT 85, r*COS(theta+. 063)*SF+
      x%, r*SIN(theta+.063)*SF+Y%
750
         MOVE XX, YX
760
         NEXT
770 ENDPROC
780 DEFPROCintro
790 ON ERROR MODE 7:END
800 VDU 23:11.0:0:0:0
800
810 V=RNO(-TIME)
820 PRINT TRE(6,6); CHR#(141)CHR#(131); "GRAPHICS
DEMONSTRATION"; TAB(6,7); CHR#(1
41)CHR#(131); "GRAPHICS DEMONSTRATION"
830 PRINT
840 PRINT " This Program draws on the screen a
       series of geometrical figures, such as
       circles, ellipses, spirals etc.
1950 PRINT
860 PRINT "After each screen there will be a short pause, the screen will clear
        and the nextsection will be drawn."
879 PRINT
980 PRINT "Press"; CHR#(129); "ESCAPE"; CHR#(135);
        to halt the Program.
 890 PRINT
 900 PRINTTAB(6), CHR$(134), "Press any key to
start"
910 *FX 15,1
920 A=GET
 930
      ENDPROC
      REM Delay Proceedure
      DEFPROCWait(S):LOCAL T:T=TIME:REPEAT UNTIL
TIME>T+S*100:ENDPROC
```

Polar plotting by M Dunn

Hypnotist

on Spectrum

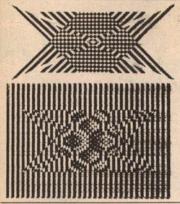
This compact program gives an infinite array of changing patterns.

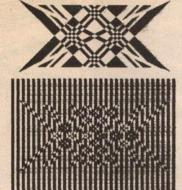
As you can see from the examples the pattern is generated on plain and vertically-striped backgrounds, thus giving differing effects. Sound is produced at the end of each drawing sequence.

To copy on to the printer, press 'Break-Copy' and when printed 'Continue'. The pattern will then commence from the last drawing sequence. Try alternative patterns by adjusting line 40.

598 END

600 REM Proceedure to Plot shapes





B BORDER OF DETECTION OF STREET OF S 10 REM

Bird and caterpillar

on Vic-20

A hungry caterpillar is crawling over your screen. The caterpillar spots a nice piece of lettuce and it is up to you to see that it gets the lettuce. You have full control over the direction in which the caterpillar moves. The direction can be changed by pressing one of four keys as follows:

Z for LEFT. X for RIGHT / for UP for DOWN

Danger lurks. The caterpillar must not hit the wall (the edge of the screen display). otherwise it gets squashed. Also the caterpillar musn't suddenly go backwards, otherwise it bites itself and the game ends. Thus, for example, if the caterpillar is going down don't press / for up, press Z or X first. As soon as a piece, of food is eaten another piece appears.

There is more danger around. A bird is

71 REM XXXXXXXX CATERPILLAR CONTROLS XXXXXX

Hypnotist by Paul Reynolds

flying around the screen, it may eat the caterpillar or the food. The bird usually heads straight towards the food and hovers around the food, waiting for you. If you are fast you'll be able to make the caterpillar eat the food and escape from the bird. You'll do well if the caterpillar eats more than ten bits of food.

The program will run on any Vic20, expanded or not, lines 11 and 12 take care of the necessary changes. The many Rem statements explain the program.

```
REM
                             % BIRD AND CATERPILLAR
    REM
                             % BY CZES KOSNIOWSKI %
                            "CONCOCCOCCOCCOCCOCCOCCOCCOCC
    REM
    REM
18 FEN MODOCOCC INITIAL SETTINGS MODOCOCCOCC
11 PPATSBAT PEEK (447)=18 W 512
12 00-054894 (PEEK (447)=18) W 512
12 00-054897 (SOUND-1
14 POKE VOH. 25
28 REM MODOCOCC CONTROLS MODOCOCCOCCOCCOCC
28 REM MODOCOCC CONTROLS MODOCOCCOCCOCCOCC
29 REINT BIRD AND CATERPILLAR
29 PRINT "20 LEFT / UP"
24 PRINT "2 LEFT / UP"
25 PRINT "RESS PRINT UP"
26 PRINT "PRESS PRINT UP"
36 REM MODOCOCC CETTINGS FOR EACH NEW OMME
37 REM MODOCOCC CETTINGS FOR EACH NEW OMME
38 REM MODOCOCC CETTINGS FOR EACH NEW OMME
39 REM MODOCOCC CETTINGS FOR EACH NEW OMME
39 REM MODOCOCC CETTINGS FOR EACH NEW OMME
 10 REM XXXXXXXXX INITIAL SETTINGS XXXXXXXXXX
51 PRINT CHR*(147)
52 FOR J=0 TO 22
53 POKE 00+22*J.2
54 POKE PP+22*J.160
```

```
71 REN 20000000 CHIEMPILLING CONTROLS AMAZON
72 GET RE
73 IF RES*2* THEN X=1:Y=0
75 IF RES*2* THEN X=1:Y=0
75 IF RES*2* THEN X=0:Y=-1
75 IF RES*2* THEN X=0:Y=-1
80 REN 200000000 HRS CRITERPILLIRG HIT WALL? X
90 EEN 3000000X H95 CRTERPILLER HIT H98L? % 91 H94F09-W2024-PP-1 92 IF U5965 OR HKI THEN Z=1:00T0 178 93 HMH-02-W2014FT (W. 22 9 9 HE MOSCOCO000 PR S CREED TO TABLE SELECTION OF SELECTION
     123 V=-V#V
124 IF N>DD THEN U=U#U:GOTO 129
125 IF N=DD THEN U=0:V=1
       126 U=-U#U
127 IF MOINT(D/22) THEN V=V#V 00T0 129
     128 V=-V#V
129 ON INT(RND(1)#9) GOSUB 220
     129 OF TRICHOLLYS' GUSUB 229
130 REM SCOCCOCK MPRITO SURE BIRD DOES NOT CRASH
131 De-04-22WY-PP-1
132 DE-02-25HTCD/22'
133 IF D0565 OR DC1 OR DD2 OR DD21 THEN U=-U-V=-V
149 REM 300000000 THE BIRD 30000000000000000
       141 POKE B.32
142 B=B+U+22*V
     143 POKE 3-06520 HAS BIRD EATEN CATERPILLAR
151 FOR 1=0 TO 2
152 IF B=R(1) THEN Z=3:GOTO 170
153 NEXT
     193 NEXT
168 REM MODOCOCCH HAS BIRD ERTEN FOOD MODOCC
161 IF B=K THEN COSUB 200
162 COTO 72
178 REM MODOCOCCH CATERPILLAR DEAD MODOCOCCC
```

171 POKE SO, 223 172 FOR I=15 TO 0 STEP -2

```
173 FOKE VO.1
174 FOR J=1 TO 188 NEXT
175 HEXT
175 PEXT
176 PEXE SO.8
178 PRINT CHR$(147)
179 PRINT "BIRD AND CHTERPILLAR "PRINT
180 PRINT "THE CHTERPILLAR ATE ",58.
181 IF SAR-1 THEN PRINT "BIT OF FOOD" GOTO 183
182 PRINT "BITS OF FOOD"
  182 PRINT "BITS OF FOOD"
183 PRINT
184 IF Z=1 THEN PRINT "CHTERPILLAR SOURSHED
185 IF Z=2 THEN PRINT "CHTERPILLAR BIT ITSELF
186 IF Z=3 THEN PRINT "BIRD ATE CHTERPILLAR
186 PRKK 1951.8
188 PRKK 1951.8
198 PRINT "PRINT "RIOTHER 007 Y OR N "
198 IF OB=""Y" THEN 38
199 IF OB=""Y" THEN 198
199 IF OB="Y" THEN 38
  191 IF Ge="Y" THEN 20
192 END
200 REN MODICION FOOD HAS BEEN EATEN MODICION
200 REN MODICION FOOD HAS BEEN EATEN MODICION
200 FOR 1=15 TO 0.5TEP -1
200 FOKE 00.256+1
204 FOKE VO.1
204 FOKE VO.1
205 HONE TO 1.81-NEXT
205 HONE
219 RETURN
  228 UU=V V=U U=UU RETURN
```

Bird and caterpillar by Czes Kosniowski





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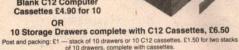
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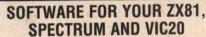
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Storing data above ramtop

Kevin Griffiths explains how to transfer data between programs on the 16K ZX81.

The programs in this article show how to Load separate data files from cassette into the ZX81 while a program is already in the machine, by storing data above ramtop. All the programs require a 16K Ram pack.

On many occasions it may be beneficial to transfer data used in one program to another, so that it may be handled in a different format. Let us take an example. Suppose you were selling software and you wanted to store customers' records on computer, eg create a datafile, produce labels to stick on the packages, produce a cheque schedule for the bank and update your computer-stored accounts. If you received say, 50 orders on a given day, then you would need to type in name. address, cheque number and amount of each order into four separate programs. A far less time consuming and daunting task would be to type the information in once and pass it into each program.

Here are one program and two routines to enable you to do just that. The two routines are included within two example

Program 1 will be repeated each time you use the technique. It would be advisable therefore to type in this program and Save it on to tape before following the

We are going to use a simple telephone directory, which will contain just five records as a demonstration. The directory will use the following arrays As(5,10), B\$(5,50), C(5) and the string Z\$. These have been used to show that any type of data may be passed.

First, enter program 1. Then add the following lines to the beginning of the program.

10 DIM A\$(5,10)

20 DIM B\$(5,50) 30 DIM C(5)

40 LET Z\$ = "(6 spaces) TELEPHONE DIRECTORY (7 spaces)

Any arrays which you Dimension must always be at the beginning of the program for this technique to work (if you wanted machine code routines you would need to store them in an array instead of a Rem line).

After entering the above lines, type Run followed by Newline. The number of bytes that will need to be made available to hold your data above ramtop should appear on the screen. If you are satisfied with your arrays, do as the computer asks and type Y followed by Newline, if not type N and correct your arrays. After typing Y the computer will automatically New the program and the K cursor will appear in the bottom left-hand corner. Now enter program 2.

The beginning of the second program already contains our Dimensioned arrays. This program would normally be your data entry type program. If you Run the program the computer will ask for name, address and telephone number five times. As it does so, you should invent some data and enter it. On completion, the computer will go into Fast mode and store a copy of your data above ramtop. Having done so, it will ask you to New and enter the next program. Lines 200 to 290 are the lines you would need to add to your data entry program.

The next program will recall the data and handle it as necessary, eg print labels. In our example, this program is merely going to print the data that we have entered. However, before you enter program 3, type in as a direct command:

PRINT 7\$

or PRINT AS(2)

On both occasions the computer will return a report code of 2/0, proving that it cannot find the data. Now enter program 3 and simply type Run followed by Newline.

Again the computer will go into Fast mode and, after a few seconds, will return to Slow mode and print the data on the

The routine for recovering the data is between lines 60 and 120 and must be entered in any program which needs to access the data. Note the word access, as this is all the program does. It copies the data from above ramtop, it does not destroy it so all you need to do is keep Loading programs with the above routine to keep using the same data.

The most important point to remember is that you must Dimension your arrays at the beginning of each program and in the same order. Programs 1 and 2 Dimensioned Zs using a Let statement. Zs was 32 characters long and contained the title. Program 3, however, just defined Zs as an empty string 32 characters long. This is necessary for the computer to have an area to put the title in when recalling data from above ramtop.

The program and routines are simple to use and a little bit of thought by the user about program ideas and design can open up endless possibilities.

```
PROGRAM 1.
         200 LET R=PEEK 16400+256+PEEK 1
  200 LET A=PEEK 16400+256+PEEK 1
6401
210 LET B=PEEK 16404+256+PEEK 1
6405
220 LET C=B-A
230 PRINT "YOUR DATA WILL REQUI
READ PRINT "YOUR DATA WILL REQUI
READ PRINT "YOU WISH RAHTOP T
050 PRINT "IF YOU WISH RAHTOP T
050 PRINT "TO ACCOHODATE YOUR A
RRAYS THEN"
270 PRINT "PLEASE TYPE """", T
HEN LOAD"
1800 PRINT "NEXT PROGRAM."
2800 PRINT "HEY POUT WISH TO CHANG
THE ARRAYS."
310 PRINT "AND AHEND."
330 INPUT Z$
330 INPUT Z$
330 INPUT Z$
330 INPUT Z$
340 IF Z$(""" THEN CLS
340 IF Z$(""" THEN LIST
360 POKE 16368, (256+(126-PEEK 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    PROGRAM 3.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             50 REM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                THIS SECTION RECALLS
THE DATA TO BE USED
IN THE REST OF THE
PROGRAM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             IN THE REST OF THE

50 FAST
70 LET #32768-(PEEK 16388+256
16399)
5400 LET 8=PEEK 16400+256*PEEK 1
100 POKE 8+X,PEEK (32768-A+X)
110 NEXT X
120 SLOU
125 REH
125 REH
126 PRINT Z$
160 PRINT 
      370 POKE 16388, (256*(126-PEEK 1 380 NEW
    PROGRAM 2.
10 DIH 8$(5,10)
20 DIH 8$(5,50)
30 DIH 8$(5,50)
30 DIH 6$(5,50)
30 DIH C(5): TELEPHONE DI
20 DIN C(5): TELEPHONE DI
20 DIS TO TO S
50 POR I=1 TO S
50 POR INT "ABHE"; I
50 POR INT "ABORESS"
100 INPUT 8$(I)
110 POR INT "TEL. NO."
140 INPUT C(1)
150 POR INT "TEL. NO."
140 INPUT C(1)
150 POR INT "TEL. NO."
140 INPUT C(1)
150 POR INT TO II
200 REM THE SECTION FOLLOWING TRANSFERS THE DATA ABOUE RANTUP.
205 FAST BEBOUE RANTUP.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    TELEPHONE DIR
205 FAST
210 LET #=32768-(PEEK 16388+256
+PEEK 16389)
401 LET #=PEEK 16400+256+PEEK 1
240 POKE (32768-A)+X,PEEK (B+X)
250 NEXT X
260 SLOU
270 PRINT "DATA HAS BEEN STORED
                  ..
280 PRINT "PLEASE ""NEW"" AND L
AD NEXT"
290 PRINT "PROGRAM."
```

At your command

David Nowotnik explains how you can Peek and Poke to the Spectrum display file.

Because of the complex layout of the Spectrum display file, the handbook suggests that you are unlikely to want to use Peek or Poke to this area of Ram. However, for high resolution interactive games or animation effects, you probably will want to use these commands. The problem lies in the calculation of addresses in the display file from row and column data.

To demonstrate the order in which the display file is arranged, try this one-line program. It can be entered as a direct command:

FOR I = 16384 to 22527; POKE I, BIN 111111111: NEXT I

The Bin number causes all pixels to be Ink. A mixture of 0s and 1s will produce a striped pattern. You should notice several things from this routine:

 The display file is divided into three groups of eight character rows each.

Each character square is made up of eight rows of pixels.

Each character square is also eight pixels across, this eight pixel row forms one byte in the display file.

 In each group of eight rows, the top pixel row of all character squares is filled in first, then the second row, and

To be able to calculate addresses, this pattern has to be expressed mathematically. One method of doing this is to turn to binary arithmetic. Expressing display file addresses as a 16-bit binary number, I found that certain groups of bits controlled certain aspects of the screen position corresponding to that address. This is demonstrated in figure 1.

Fig 1. Groups of binary bits within the screen address

0100000000000000

Group

1 — Bit 14 is set to indicate values above 16383.

2 — These two bits hold values 0,1, or 2; they indicate which group of eight rows.

3 - Pixel row number within a character (0-7).

4 — Character row number within a group (0-7).
 5 — Column number (0-31).

From this relationship, I obtained the following expression for calculating screen addresses:

Address = 16384 + 32 * (y AND 192) + 256 * (y AND 7) + 4 * (y AND 56) + x

Where y is the pixel row number (0-191) and x is the byte column number (0-31). Position 0,0 is at the top left of the screen.

Unfortunately, the Spectrum does not carry out conventional And or Or operations (unlike the ZX80 and ZX81), so, this routine will not work using the Spectrum

And. To overcome this problem, I turned to three simple machine code routines to perform And in the demonstration program in figure 2.

Written for the 16K Spectrum, the Read/ Data lines (100-140) Poke the machine code into the UDG area. Lines 140-180 set columns in the attribute file to random Ink colours, whilst lines 200-230 draw a random high-resolution bar chart. The length of the bars grows one pixel row at a time as you watch the display. The subroutine in lines 20-30 *Pokes* the *y* value into the three machine code routines; line 30 calculates the addresses according to the aforementioned formula. All the machine code does is:

LD B,0 LD A,y AND 7 LD C,A RET

similarly for And 56 and And 192.

fig 2. Barcharts

10 GOTO 100

20 POKE 32747,y: POKE 32755,y: POKE 32763,y

30 LET a=16384+32* USR 32760+

256* USR 32744+4* USR 32752+x

40 RETURN

100 FOR i=32744 TO 32767

110 READ a: POKE i,a

120 NEXT i

130 DATA 6,0,62,0,230,7,79,201,

6,0,62,230,56,79,201,6,0,62,0,

230,192,79,201

140 FOR i=22528 TO 22559

150 LET a=56+ RND*7

160 FOR j=0 TO 767 STEP 32

170 POKE i+j,a

180 NEXT j: NEXT i

200 FOR x=0 TO 31

210 FOR j=190 TO INT(RND*120)

STEP -1

220 GO SUB 20: POKE a,254

230 NEXT V: NEXT X





Plotting data according to scale

G Morton presents a graph plotting routine to represent data on an x, y scale.

I devised this program to enable me to quickly plot the results obtained from electrical experiments.

Lines 10-100 input the experimental results in the form x,y. Lines 110-150 and lines 160-200 determine the peak values of x and y respectively, so as to be able to scale the screen axis correctly. Lines 210-220 determine the scaling factors for the x and y axis.

Lines 240-270 are required because the Dragon cannot print text to the graphics screen. These lines merely tell the operator the values corresponding to the graduations on the axis.

Line 280 gives the operator time to read the previous screen. Please note that the print statements have been laid out correctly to fill the lines without breaking any words, so don't miss the spaces. Line 280 could be changed to a press "a" to continue form, but I found the time allowed quite adequate.

Lines 310-340 adjust the data by using the scaling factors. Lines 330-340 change the data to integer form suitable for the *Pset* statements. This produces an error of less than ½ percent, quite suitable for experimental data.



Line 350 prints the data to the screen while lines 370-380 plot the x and y axis Lines 390-440 plot the graduations on the axis

Line 290 defines the mode as 3. This is not the highest definition, but does allow the simultaneous plotting of several sets of data in different colours.

While I do not think this is the most efficient method of setting out the program, it is quite quick enough for this purpose. If required, an added line at 355 could be used to plot lines between each data point.

For more than 40 points of data, change the dimension statements in line 30.



- 10 CLS1
- 20 INPUT "HOW MANY POINTS ? MAXIMUM OF 40"; L
- 30 DIM A\$(40), B\$(40)
- 40 FOR M=1 TO L
- 50 CLS
- 60 PRINT "INPUT X COORDINATE OF POINT ";M
- 70 INPUT AS(M)
- 80 PRINT "INPUT Y COORDINATE OF POINT ";M
- 90 INPUT B\$(M)
- 100 NEXT M
- 110 B=VAL(A\$(1))
- 120 FOR M=2 TO L
- 130 IF VAL(A\$(M))>B THEN GOTO 140 ELSE GOTO 150
- 140 B=VAL(A\$(M))
- 150 NEXT M
- 160 C=VAL(A\$(1))
- 170 FOR M=2 TO L
- 180 IF VAL(B\$(M))>C THEN GOTO 190 ELSE GOTO 200
- 190 C=VAL(B\$(M))
- 200 NEXT M
- 210 D=230/B
- 220 E=170/C
- 230 CLS
- 240 PRINT"THE FOLLOWING GRAPH REPRESENTS THE DATA PREVIOUSLY DEFINED"
- 250 PRINT"THE PEAK VALUE OF X IS ";B
- 260 PRINT"THE PEAK VALUE OF Y IS ",C
- 270 PRINT" HENCE EACH LINE REPRESENTS 1/10TH OF THESE ANSWERS ON THE RESPEC TIVE SCALES"
- 280 FOR S=1 TO 8000: NEXTS
- 290 PMODE 3,1:SCREEN 1,0:PCLS
- 300 FOR M=1 TO L
- 310 As(M)=STRs(D*(VAL(As(M))))
- 320 B\$(M)=STR\$(E*(VAL(B\$(M))))
- 330 X=INT(VAL(As(M)))
- 340 Y=INT(VAL(B\$(M)))
- 350 PSET(X+22,170-Y,3)
- 360 NEXT M
- 370 LINE(22,170)-(22,0),PSET
- 380 LINE(22,170)-(252,170), PSET
- 390 FOR F=1 T010
- 400 LINE(230*F/10+22,172)-(230*F/10+22,168), PSET
- 410 NEXT F
- 420 FOR F=1 TO 10
- 430 LINE(20,170*F/10)-(24,170*F/10),PSET
- 440 NEXT F
- 450 GOTO450

In principle it's easy

This is the last article in our current series on machine code. Further machine code articles, programs and routines will follow shortly.

To get a horizontal line, 10 characters long, on the top line of the display, we could execute the following code:

3E 88 set value to be LD A. 88 displayed LD B. OA 06 0A set loop count LD HL, (400C) 2A 0C 40 point to first character in display file INC HL 23 LOOP: LD (HL), A 77 display INC HL 23 point to next character DJNZ LOOP 10 FC

do it again

To do the same job anywhere else on the display, all we need to do is alter the start value of HL by an appropriate offset. In principle it's easy to calculate the necessary offset. Let's think about the display file (see figure below).

If the HL is incremented after having been loaded from D-file so that it points at column 0, row 0, then we simply multiply the row number we want by 33 and add on the column number. That is:

offset=row * 33+column Provided the row value never exceeds 7, we could use our 8-bit multiplier here. But there's a neater way:

offset=row * (32+1)+column =row * 32+row+column

Despite the fact that this expression for the offset seems more complicated than the original, it has the advantage that the multiplication is now by a power of 2 (25), so all we have to do is shift row left 5 times to evaluate row * 32.

Now let us imagine that the row value is available in the E-register, and the column value is in the C-register. We can calculate the offset like this:

LD B, 05 **CB 23** DJNZ SHIFT 10 FC

But it's not quite as easy as that! This piece of code shifts the E register contents left 5 times all right. That's fine if row * 32 is less than 255, but it could easily be more

than that, and then the E-register will overflow.

So we need a 16-bit register. If we use De, the above code can be used as a basis for the routine, but there are some pieces to add on. First, we will have to make sure that D contains zero to begin with. Second, as bits shift left off the end of E we want them to appear in D and then shift along D. This will work:

LD D. 00 1600 clear D load loop count into B LD B, 05 06 05 CB 22 shift left DE SHIFT: SLAD CB23 SLAE go to End of loop on JRNC EOL 30 01 no carry put the carry into the INC D 14 junior bit of D DJNZ SHIFT 10 F7 test for end of loop

Now we want to add this into HL, having first loaded it with the address of the first character in the display file:

LD HL, (400C) 2A 0C 40 ADD HL. DE 19

Well, there was:

Unfortunately, what we now need to do is to add the row value into HL, and the copy in E has been destroyed by the shift operations. That's no real problem, because we presumably passed the row value from Basic by Poking it to a byte just before the beginning of the machine code routine in the usual way, and it's still available there. So all we have to do is zero D. load E from this byte and Add HI, De again. But this does prompt the question, "Was there a neathr order in which to do things?'

LD HL, (400C)2A 0C 40 compute address of first character INC HL in display file LD D, 00 16.00 add row value to it ADD HL, DE 19 LD B, 05 06 05 compute 32 * row as before EOL: DJNZ SHIFT 10add this into HL add column value into ADD HL, BC 09

Now we simply execute the "draw a line" routine as before:

LD A. 88 3F 88 (or whatever) LD B. OA 06 0A LD (HL), A LOOP: 77 INC HL DJNZ LOOP 10 FC

The hex codes are given below, tidied up

There's no test in the routine to check

that the line being drawn doesn't go over the right-hand edge of the display, and of course, such a check should be included. Otherwise a pile of end-of-line returns could get clobbered. The easiest way of doing this would be to test whether the character we're about to overwrite is a newline. If so, dont.

This routine produces a horizontal line because of the Inc HI instruction in the loop. Change HI by some value other than 1, and we get different shapes. Inc HI twice, and every other print position will display the character, for instance. Add 33 (decimal) into HI in every loop and we get a vertical line. Add 34 (decimal) into HI in each loop and we get a diagonal line.

You could have a library of such routines and simply call one whenever you want that kind of line.

Here is the complete code. This time we won't bother with addresses in the listing: they're not important (thanks, once again, to relative jumps)

LD C, 00 OF GO 1E 00 IDF 00 LD HL, (400C) 2A 0C 40 INC HL 23 LD D, 00 16 00 ADD HL, DE 19 06 05 LD B. 05 SLA D CB 22 CB 23 SIAF JRNC FOL 30 01 INC D DJNZ SHIFT EOL: 10 F7 ADD HL, DE 19 ADD HL. BC 00 06 00 LD B. 00 3E 00 LD A. 00 LD (HL), A LOOP: LD DE. 00 00 11 00 00 19 DJNZ LOOP 10 F9

The zero bytes underlined must be poked before calling the routine, as follows:

Start address+ 1: starting column (e.g. 05 for column 5) Start address+ 3: starting row e.g. 07 for row 7) Start address+25: number of characters to be plotted (e.g. 0A) Start address + 27:

code of graphics character (e.g. 86 for)
value added to HL between plots Start address+30: (e.g. 01 for a horizontal line, 21 for a vertical line, 20 or 22

for diagonal lines) Start address+31: not normally used unless the value to be added exceeds 255, otherwise set to 00

Once you have loaded this up, and seen what it does, think about incorporating it into Basic programs to generate, say, a series of squares. Use Rnd to find the top left-hand corner (column and row) and the length of side. Then Poke the relevant addresses in the machine code routine, and call it via Usr. Do this four times for the four sides of the (open) rectangle. Don't forget to test the sizes to see if it will all fit on the screen!

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| Santa Park | | | | |
|------------|-----------|---|-----------|----------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Colum | in → | 0123456789012345 | 678901234 | 5678901 |
| Row | 0 | >00000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 000000000 | 0000000> |
| 1 | 1 | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 000000000 | 0000000> |
| | 2 | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 000000000 | 0000000> |
| | 3 | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 000000000 | 0000000> |
| and so | 4 o on | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 00000000 | 0000000> |

Is there anything about your computer you don't understand, and which everyone else seems to take for granted? Whatever your problem *Peek* it to lan Beardsmore and every week he will *Poke* back as many answers as he can. The address is *Peek & Poke, PCW,* Hobhouse Court, 19 Whitcomb Street, London WC2 7HF.

COMPLICATIONS IN COLOUR

Julian Bowden of London SE9, writes:

Q I own a ZX81, and read with interest your article about its US counterpart the Timex 1000. Jeff Naylor said that he adapted his for use over here by by-passing the US modulator and attaching the unit from his own ZX81.

This reminded me that I had been given an Atari video games machine for a Christmas present, and of course I could not use it. I contacted Atari who said that a modification would cost £28.75. I am wondering why it cost this much when a US computer can be adapted quite easily to run on British television.

A You miss one important fact. The ZX81 and Timex 1000 are both black and white video output. Your Atari games machine is colour. Therefore, this requires a much more complex conversion from NSTC to PAL. It would include some internal modification. I am sure that Atari could do it as they have all the plans, but it would be a very different matter for anyone else to attempt it.

The other point is that a conversion done by a non-registered dealer would void your guarantee. Unless you go to the opposite extreme and buy an NSTC compatible television, I would suggest that the only practicable way out of this situation is to send the machine to Atari.

YOU WILL NEED SPECIAL INTERFACING

M Ridgeway of Taylor Road, Southcourt, Alyesbury, Bucks, writes:

Q Hopefully, at Christmas I will be getting an Atari 400 computer. I would like to ask some questions. Can the Amber 2400 printer be used with the Atari 400 without special interfacing? Will the track ball for the Atari VCS,

which is available in America, be able to fit the 400, and will it be released over here?

Lastly, as yet you have not published any programs for the Atari. Now that the price has been lowered to £199, I am sure that a lot more people will be buying it. So, will you publish some programs for it in the future?

A The Amber 2400 will need special interfacing for use with either of the Atari machines. A cable will be needed to interface the Amber to one of the joystick ports. You will also need a special routine, which comes on cassette, to add the controls to the computer.

The price of the printer is £80.40, the conversion cable and cassette is £18.34, and postage and packing is £2.95. All these prices are fully inclusive of VAT. You will also receive complete instructions, a spare inking ribbon and a spare roll of paper.

A couple of people have asked about the track ball. At the moment, Atari does not make one, either here or in America. The one in the US is manufactured by an independent company. A track ball is being considered for the new Atari computer based on the 400, but it is not due for release over here until well into 1983. None of the current games software employs the track ball, so you would have to write you own routines.

As for publishing Atari programs, we are more than happy to consider programs for any micro computer. But so far we have had little response from Atari owners. So, how about sending some in?

IS THE FAULT AT

C Steneson of Military Road, Pembroke Dock, Dyfed, writes:

Q I own a Vic20 which I have had for a week. However, after being on for half an hour, it constantly

crashes or resets itself. The power light also flashes on and off. Is this a fault in my Vic or are mains fluctuations causing this.

A I cannot see how mains fluctuations can cause this, unless you are having similar trouble with other domestic appliances in your house. If you are, then you will have to call an elctrician quickly.

Far more likely is a fault in your Vic. I have not met this problem before on the Vic, which has a good record for reliability. It would seem that somewhere along the line the power input is being overloaded, or else there is a loose wire. If the power light goes out then obviously you have lost power, which is the reason why the computer resets itself—it has the same effect as turning your machine off.

The only thing that puzzles me slightly is why the computer waits half an hour before going off. Is this time pretty constant, or is it variable? If it is constant then it might be a component at fault, such as a capacitor not discharging properly. If the time varies a great deal, then it is more likely to be a loose wire.

It would be as well to check the external wiring, which in effect means checking the plug, to see that a wire has not come loose. If not, you will have to take your computer back to where you bought it and ask for it to be changed or repaired.

CONTRAST CONTROL CUTS DAZZLE

Norman Peckett of Court Close, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, writes:

Q I have had my Spectrum for two and a half weeks. Right from the start it has dazzled me. Should the colours be less bright?

Could you also explain to me how I can ask a question in a program, (eg with a Y/N answer) so that I can redirect the user to the beginning of the program, or the end, using the Inkey\$ function. By the way, I received my Spectrum after cancelling my order and buying a Dragon for cash.

A It is most likely that the television is not set cor-

rectly, which is the cause of your being dazzled. It should not happen. Try re-setting the contrast slightly.

To use Inkey\$ all you need is a line like If Inkey\$ = "Y"
Then Goto ... and If Not
Inkey\$ = "Y" Then Goto
... You are not restricted to
Goto, but can use any of the
statements that can be put
after a Then. for example
Print, Gosub, Let and Stop,
are all possible.

LOADING AND SAVING NOT ZX81 PROBLEMS

R W Denney of Taunton, Somerset, writes:

Q I would appreciate your advice on my ZX81 with QS 3K expansion. After initial problems with Loading and Saving, I found that it worked if I took out the Ear jack when Loading. However, after about three weeks my programs failed to Load. The first to go wrong were those near the memory limit.

I wrote to Sinclair Research and they sent me a printed sheet on this problem. The sheet advised that 'output from the cassette should be 2 to 41/2 volts, peak to peak.' This output seems excessive - the output from my hi-fi is only 21/2 volts. Although pleased with the ZX81, I am disappointed with the storage facilities. I did think of buying a Spectrum, but not if the programs are going to become difficult to store, and can only be stored for a short while.

A Loading and Saving remains the largest single problem with the ZX81. You do not actually say if the measures advised by Sinclair have been of any use. You need not worry about the output of 4 volts from the Ear socket. The output is AC and there are capacitors in the circuitry to cut down any overload. Also remember that 4-4½ volts is the peak voltage — much of it is less than that.

The 2½ volts from your hi-fi is probably DC, to which different laws apply.

As I have said on several occasions before, whatever problems you might or might not get with a Spectrum, there is no evidence that Loading and Saving will be among them.

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Spectrums for sale

SPECTRUM, 48K, as new, with Horizon and Cambridge colour collection tapes, £155. Also over £60 worth of software, £35 only. Tel: 01-749 1454, between 7 pm and 10 pm.

ZX SPECTRUM 16K plus PRINTER, very good condition, £150. Call Redhill 61612 evenings.

SPECTRUM, 16K, five rolls of printer paper, magazines + pre-program cassettes, £120 ono. Tel: Worthing 211439.

SPECTRUM, 48K, almost new, with all leads + manuals + sample cassettes, £160. Tel: 0262-601 859, after 6 pm.

ZX81s for sale

SINCLAIR ZX81, 16K with 32 cassettes, worth over £200, sell for £80 ono.
Vincent Quah, 01-882 5919, after 5

SINCLAIR ZX81, 1K, one month old, £40 ono. Baulsom, 01-527 5287.

ZX81. 16K plus games plus manuals. Tel: Crawley 517361.

ZX80. Complete with power supply and leads plus manuals, £20. Tel: Grays (0375) 72150.

ZX81. Memotek 64K, Harris-Lockyer keyboard, £140. Will sell items separately if need be. Tel: 0628 30966 after

ZX81 COMPUTER. As new in box plus 16K RP, tape recorder plus mike plus VDU (not brilliant but works), tapes and magazines, £110 ono. Tel: 0942 216396.

ZX81, with 16K, instruction manual plus leads plus one tape, £50. Tel: 01-883 9417.

ZX81 1K. Unwanted gift, boxed, £30. Tel: 01-435 9732.

16K ZX81. 6 cassettes, two months old, good condition, £100 ono. Tel: Adam, Chesham (0494) 785285.

48K MEMO TECH, Ram pack for ZX81, £25. Mr Sharp 01-732 7493.

ZX81 16K, with tapes, books, £70. Telephone Nuneaton 327203.

ZX81, 16K, with software. Tel: Calne (0249) 812038, Mr L. Delpozo.

ZX81, £35 ono. Three months old, perfect working order, upgrading to BBC. Tel: 061-223 1301 extension 2708 (Mr. Javed).

ZX81, 16K, keyboard, filesixty, £70 ono. Paul Baillie, Battle 2717.

16K ZX81, £100-worth of software plus mags and all leads, £90. (Whitley Bay)

ZX81, 16K, Sinclair built, £30 of software including Asteroids, 3D Monster Maze, Sourcerers Island, as new, £50. Tel: 0501 40469

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ZX81, 16K (boxed) + manual + leads, also two books + game tape, £60. D. Haskins, 20 West Road, Old Colwyn. Colwyn Bay. Tel: (0492) 515011. ZX81, 16K, keyboard, case, green screen 14" TV, cassette, printer, learning lab, magazines, 70 cassette programs, £160 ono. David Sitwell, 01-886 6356 (day).

ZX81, 1K, hardly used, seven months old, all leads + manuals + a book of 30 programs, many on tape, in very good condition, sell for £35. Tel: 01-464 0692 (weekdays after 6 pm).

Commodores for sale

COMMODORE VIC20, 14K, high res. Super Expander data cassette, Bug Byte, Vic Men game, under guarantee, £250 ono. Tel: Southam 3245.

VIC20, Graphic Printer, brand new, unwanted gift, £150 ono. Telephone: Southampton 739734.

VIC20, 16K Ram pack, £300 of software, value £530, want only £300. Tel: Amit, 01-888 0510, after 6 pm.

VIC20, + cassette unit, with Blitz + AMOK cassette, joystick + intro to Basic, £160 ono; Super Exp, Ram, £24; Vic 20, Graphic Printer complete with 1,000 sheets of paper, 150; Vic20, programme reference guide, £10. Telephone: Chandlers Ford (04215) 67411 (1 pm-2 pm).

VIC20 plus data cassette and dust cover, £140; super expander cartridge, £25; Jelly Monster cartridge, £12; processing reference guide, £8; Dragon Maze game cassette, £5. Tel: 0443 203573 evenings.

VIC20 plus cassette deck, both boxed plus tapes and magazines, £160. Contact Mark on Longfield 6164 evenings and weekends.

THE COUNT, Commodore adventure cartridge, perfect condition, yours for £22 or other CBM adventure in perfect condition. Tel: Leamington Spa (0926) 632901 after 6 pm.

COMMODORE VIC20 FOR SALE. Only £100 ono. Tel: Horley, Surrey,

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2001 PET. Tool kit, sound board, manuals, much software, Basic courses, exchange for 48K Spectrum and printer or sell for £230. Tel: 061-073 8946

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VIC20 plus 16K RP, both excellent condition, as new, only £160. Tel: Barry (0446) 732282.

CBM 3032, CBM 3040, dual disc drives, CBM 3022 printer, counting + word processing software, £1,500 ono. Tel: 01-677 9077. PET 4032 (Fat 40), 32K + printer, built in sound box, tool kit, picture kit, super chip, many programs including word processor, £650. Tel: Mr. Clines, Bourne End 26576.

PET 2001, 8K, with internal, cassette and screen, with manuals, software, etc., £225. Tel: Gosforth, Cumbria (09405) 332 (evenings).

COMMODORE PET 2001, 32K, complete with cassette deck, all in mint condition, £295 ono. Tel: 01-722 2166.

COMMODORE VIC 20 plus AF Rom mother board and leads, and 3K Ram, £200. Tel: Scott, after 5 pm. Tel: 0462 40405.

PET 4000, Series K, manuals, cassette deck, Pet graphics, 90 programs approximately, cover, £490 onc; MR assembler, £48 onc; tool kit, £29 onc. Michael Thompson, Histon 022023.

PET 32K, new Rom, large keyboard, cassette, tool kit, microassembler, Basic 4, Eprom programmer, software and many books, £450 ono. Tel: David on 01-543 1890 (after 5 pm and weekends).

Ataris for sale

ATARI 400, new, Basic + cassettes, joysticks, various extras, £300 ono. P. Hawkins, Bracknell (0344) 57659.

ATARI VCS games system with 6 cartridges, Defender, Missile Command, Asteriods, Champion Trip, Soccer, Outlaw, Combat. New £330, offer £140. Tel: 01-997 2017.

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ATARI. VCS. 9 cartridges, Defender, Missile Command, Asteriods, Pacman, Nightdriver, Staying, Boxing, Video Pinball, Combat. Excellent condition, £190 onc. Tel: 021-356 9788

ATARI VCS. 7 cartridges, Combat, Breakout, Space Invaders, Asteriods, Video Pinball, Missile Command, Defender, £140. Tel: 821159.

ATARI VCS. Very good condition with 2 cartridges, Asteriods and Combat, £55. Tel: 0202 983583. Mark, anytime.

ATARI 400 plus 48K plus Basic cartridge plus 9 cassettes (Eastern Front, Caverns of Mars, Airstrike, 4T Tutorials, Galactic Chase), £350 ono worth £480, Tel: 01-274 7897.

ATARI VIDEO GAME, Space Invaders cartridge, £70 onc. Tel: 01-452 7048 (evenings only). Ask for Rajesh Patel.

ATARI 400, 16K Basic cartridge, program recorder, chess cartridge, two manuals, £250. Tel: 01-883 3420.

Acorns for sale

ACORN ATOM. 12+12K with disk pack, FP Rom, toolkit and BBC Rom, all books and leads, £400. Tel: Falmouth 314599 (day), 312718 evenings or weekends.

ACORN ATOM, 64K Ram plus 20K Rom, books + software, £220 ono. Tel: 061-747 8822.

ACORN ATOM, 12K Rom, 12K Ram, and power pack, plus basic book, £125 ono. Tel: 01-501 1629 (eves).

ACORN ATOM. 12K Ram, 12K Rom and 4K utility Rom, cassettes, leads, 3 amp power supply and £60 of software. Price £190 ono. Tel: 051-677 7326 evenings.

ACORN ATOM. 8K + 12K PSV, £50 of games, books etc, 12 months old, £100. Tel: Swanage (0929) 424423 evenings.

ACORN ATOM, 12K + 12K, floating point Rom, leads, power supply, manual + approximately £60 of software including Pacman, Invaders, Galaxians, £130. Tel: Harlow 419 659.

ACORN ATOM, 12K + 12K, floating point Rom plus toolbox PSU plus expansion board giving 5K, with all leads and manual, condition as new, £200 ono, Tel: 0843 582852, after 6 pm.

ACORN ATOM, 12K RAM + 16K ROM, 3 amp p.s.u., tape recorder, manuals and software. £175.00. Tel: 0480-890 803.

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TRS80, 16K, Level II, Tandy cassette + Tandy monitor, Teletype 33 + custom interface + some software, £350. Tel: 01-677 9077.

VIDEO GENIE, 16K, Level II Basic + 9" green screen monitor, micro sort editor/assembler + large selection of books, manuals, cassettes and software, £275 ono. Tel: 021-745 5684.

TRS80, Model 1, Level II, 16K with monitor, cassette recorder, joystick + sound, also manuals, magazines and approximately 100 arcade machine language games, £450. Tel: Worksop 477053

GENIE I. 16K, 10 months old plus Green Screen Monster, 12in EG 101, manuals etc, £350 ono. Tel: Stevenage (0438) 721216 after 5 pm.

TANDY TRS80, Model I, Level II (16k memory), expansion interface unit (additional 16k memory), disc drive (5½" mini disc), disc drive interface cable, Seikosha GP100A printer, printer interface cable, bulk eraser, disc drive, head cleaner, £1,280 ono (all as new), Tel: (0392) 72035

TANDY SYSTEM. 8K Ram, Basic, lots of software. Cost £300, offers around £65. Tel: 0229 54766 after 6 pm.

VIDEO GENIE, 16K, excellent condition, £140. Tel: 01-657 3000 evenings. (Croydon area).

TR\$80, Model 1 Level II, 21/2 years old, 48K expanded interface, high res. character generator, upper/lower case, green screen, cassette rewinder, £350 of software, complete £800 ono. Tel: Long Crendon 208232.

TANDY TRS80, Level II, 16K, screen + cassette recorder, editor assembler, magazines + books, £250 ono. Roscoe, Worcester 352623.

VIDEO GENIE LG 3003, 16K, + extra keys + sound box, built in cassette deck, software + magazines, sell for £200 ono. Telephone 01-946 1429.

TRS80 Model 1, level II, 16K with Green Monitor VDU, 18 months old with £100 of s-ware, £70 of books, £250 ono. Tel: 06076 65930.

TRS80 level I, 4K, with game tape and manual, 10 months old, little used, £150 ono. Tel: Wetherby, W. Yorks 63824 (evenings).

GENIE 1, + £50 of s/ware, 2 books, mint condition, £250. Tel: South Benslev 56348.

TRS80, 16K level II, Green monitor cassette, many programs + Tandy speech synthesiser, £350. Tel: Farnborough 61133.

TRS80 model 1, 16K, with cassette player + monitor, + s-ware manuals, £260 ono. Tel: Gary, Harlow 412242.

TANDY TRS 80, level 1, 4K, with 15 cassettes, £100, Telephone 01-729 5302 (late evenings).

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FOR CASED NASCOM Nassys plus Nasbug, colour teletext graphics, Naspen, Zeap, Nasdis, Debug, Roms, Sargon plus chess, graphics, Xtal basic, extended colour command. New baby, so best offer. Tel: 051-327 4984.

CENTRONICS 737 PRINTER, As new Centronics cable, manual, £250 ono. Tel: Robert 01-674 5534.

DRAGON 32 + £60 extras, 1 month old. Quick sale, £230 ono. Mr A. Mills, Flat C, 11 Agar Grove, London NW1.

DRAGON 32, + computer voice cassette, + books, 4 weeks old, £179.00. Tel: 01-661 1466.

ACULAB FLOPPY TAPE SYSTEM. Plus a number of programs suitable for early Video Genii or TRSAT model I, £100. Tel: 0634 65539

VOICE CHESS CHALLENGER, 10 playing levels, speaks its moves, 50 word vocabulary, 64 pre-programmed games. Excellent condition. Cost over £200 new. Only £70 ono. Tel: 01-979 4432 after 6 pm and weekends.

4K GRAPHIC ROM plus 2K VDG complete with all available software, £30; ZX81 16K Dktronics keyboard and £57 worth of software, £900, together £110. Palmer, Norwich 611133 ext 5008.

DRAGON 32, 2 months old, perfect condition, with cass leads and two Dragon data cass progs, £190. Tel: 0273 688859 (after 6 pm).

DRAGON 32, as new, 4 months old, inc cassette lead and over £30 of tapes books, £180. Tel: Reading (0734) 690935 (after 6.30 pm).

TI994A, prog, language cartridge, Invaders cartridge, 41/2 months old, worth £345, yours for £260 ono. A. Collier, Northwood (65) 22559.

SHARP MZ80K. 48K, plenty of programs including Space Invaders, Stark Trek, Doctor Livingstone etc. Also Zen assembler plus 2 extra manuals, £390 ono. Tel: 01-894 5455

SHARP MZ80K, 48K, 4MHZ hi-res graphics, green screen, software, includes basic fortran, forth, assembler and many games and books, £425 ono. Telephone: 01-316 1692.

BLACK AND WHITE MONITOR. Motor roller based screen, home-made casing, suitable for BBC, £50. Tel: Lee Valley 710764.

DRAGON 32, new, £160. Telephone 01-732 4777, Mr John Aldred

FIVE ROLLS SINCLAIR PRINTER PAPER, £8 inc. p&p. 01-866 1444,

DAI COLOUR COMPUTER, 48K, 24K Basic, RS232, paddles, cassette, sound, £400 or swap for Atari 800. Bognor Regis (0243) 861066.

SONY C7 BETAMAX, recorder, six months old, swap for any computer (not Sinclair) to the value of £430 (second-hand). (Open to any offers — can offer cash.) Tel: 01-672 8376.

SHARP MZ 80K, 48K, as new with guarantee, £325. Tel: 051 638 3378.

TANGERINE COMPUTER, 16K Ram, two high res. boards, all options, Apple PSU keyboard + keypad, extended Basic, fully cased with fan, lots of software. Offers. Tel: 0483 31949.

DRAGON 32, six weeks old, still under quarantee, £165 ono, Space Invader cartridge, £12. Mrs Mawlavaux, 01-304

TI994/A THERMAL PRINTER for sale, offers over £150. H. Jones, Kerry, Wales (068688) 502 (evenings and weekends).

SHARP PC1500, colour printer plotter 8K Ram, one month old, hardly used, £279. Tel: 01-464 0845.

9" MONITOR, black and white, £20 ono. Tel: 01-301 4763.

8K PACK BASIC III, cassette deck, dust cover, manuals, games, boxed, £400 ono. Tel: 01-363 8901 (Nick).

VIC20 CARTRIDGE for exchange, Pirates Cove, Super Lander, Super Shot. Tel: 0438 811634 after 6 pm.

Wanted

SWAP VIC20 Adventure, Golden Baton, for Time-Machine or Arrow of Death or other Vic adventure. Phil McDonald, Bournemouth (0202)

WANTED. ZX Spectrum, 16K or 48K. John Ireland, Cardionoe (0492) 77439.

VIC20 SOFTWARE to swap. Star Battle cartridge plus Lair 16K Adventure for any CBM Adventure cartridge, except Private Cove. Harland, Aycliffe (0325) 316956.

SWAP. Adventure land cartridge for any other adventure. Tel: 0733-237101.

ZX SPECTRUM. Any K. Mr Holt. Tel: 061-794 5172 evenings.

ZX81, Sinclair built, 16K, power pack, leads, etc, full size moving key keyboard + software, £70. Tel: 01-301 1482 Mr Sims evenings.

SWAP VIC20. Audio genie, Tank Attack cartridge for any other Commodore cartridge. Tel: 0772 744439. after 5 pm.

ALIEN FOR NIGHTRACER or Superslot Phone 051-487 7840. Phone between 5.15 and 6.00 pm.

SWAP VIC20 Pirate Cove cartridge for another adventure. Tel: Stevenage (0438) 811634 (after 6 pm).

VICOLOR SINCI AIR (nossibly extras) locally. Tel: Bromsgrove 75225, Mr Swan.

VIC20 + cassette deck. Will offer cash. Tel: 01-575 3779. Martin (evenings).

WANTED, ZX81, 16K, about £50. Tel: Arundel (0903) 883063 (evenings or

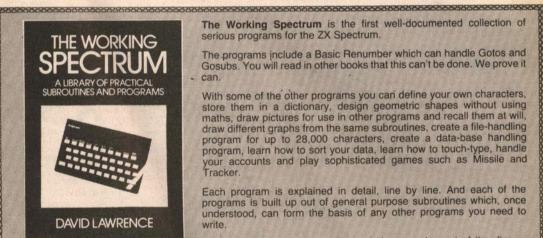
DRAGON OR SIMILAR, exchange musical instruments. Tel: Stephen, after 7 pm, Bradford 603500.

QUICKSILVA CHARACTER BOARD, any price considered. Tel: Gregory 0349 882026.

WANTED: 48K SPECTRUM. Mr. Toorad, 01-834 7743827 (daytime).

WANTED: VIC20, super expander or 3K Ram, or any other cartridges, in exchange for software. Tel: 01-888 0510, after 4 pm.

WANTED: TWO BOOKS from Melbourne House Publishers, The Complete Sinclair ZX81 Basic Course, Machine Language Programming Made Simple. Tel: 0271 64184.



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Ziggurat



Beautiful programs

There is a German proverb which, roughly translated, says "Could everything be done twice, everything would be done better". What this boils down to is that it is easy to be wise after the event - hindsight is twenty-twenty!

In computing, I wonder if those critics who pontificate about this and that have ever produced an original work themselves. Aristotle wrote (in Politics) "They who are to be judges must also be performers'

This introduction is intended to set the stage for some critical comments of my own, about a program published in Open Forum. I am not going to say which issue - it was some time ago - or use the exact lines from the program, but I assure you that the program is no mirage. It is easy to knock with the experience of hindsight, but as I have published programs myself for others to criticise (and they certainly have) perhaps I might be allowed a few observations.

The program was written by a ten-year-old child, which I think is very important. To have written a program of the complexity of that child's attempt, at the age of ten, is commendable. However, at that age it is very easy to get carried away with a program and it is difficult to hold oneself back.

When I was looking through the listing of the program, my attention was attracted to lines

such as:

1000 IF T = A OR U = 1 THEN PROCBANG 1010 IF T = B OR U = 2 THEN PROCBANG 1020 IF T = C OR U = 3 THEN PROCBANG

1030 IF T = D OR U = 1 THEN PROCBANG

1040 IFT = FOR II = 2 THEN PROCRANG

There seemed to be a rather obvious regularity. The repetition consisted in the five If statements which all referred to the same procedure

This repetition was compounded in my search to discover the nature of the variables A to E. The original assignments to the variables were contained in one line:

10 A = RND (9); B = RND (9); C = RND (9); D = RND (9): E = RND (9)

The form was there for all to see. All the five variables A to E were the same, though of different value.

When faced with such a display of repetition, it is difficult to understand why it was not exploited in some way when the program was written. The reason of course is that form and symmetry are in the eye of the beholder - and such an eye is sharpened by hindsight. The ten-year-old in question obviously did not see the program as a whole, just as a collection of parts.

So what is wrong with that? Nothing, except it is a very inefficient way of programming

The aforementioned program could be improved by finding a way of coping with variables which are the same, yet can take different values.

5 DIM VAR(5)

10 FOR I = 1 TO 5: VAR(I) = RND(9): NEXT I

When we come to the If statements, we can see that the numbers to which U is compared have a logical pattern. So we can write:

1000 FOR I = 1 TO 5 1010 IF T = VAR(I) OR U = I - INT((I - 1)/3) * 3
THEN PROCBANG

(D.II Software)

(Campbell Systems)

(JK Greye) (Bug-Byte)

(Abbersoft)

(Abbersoft) (JK Greye) (Artic)

(Commodore) (Commodore)*
(Liamasoft)†

(Llamasoft) (Llamasoft) (Rabbit)

(Commodore)

(Commodore) (Audiogenic) (Commodore)

(Melbourne House) (Sinclair/Browne (Macmillan (Interface (Century) (Sybex)

(Sybex)

1020 NEXTI

Sad to say, however, as far as the routine programming one tends to see published is concerned, both the use of arrays (dimensioned variables) and modular (or clock) arithmetic is

The potential saving in programming space is considerable though. The amount to which we can economise depends on the way we approach programming. Beauty is all!

Boris Allan

Puzzle

A's down

Puzzle No 36



Across: 1. A - B; 3. A * B; 5. A2. Down: 1. B2: 2. 8B: 3. B: 4. A - B.

Solution to Puzzle No 32

This algorithm produces Pascal's triangle. The number of families in each cave is given by the sum of the numbers of families in the two adjacent caves immediately above.

| 1 | Row 0 |
|-------------|-------|
| 1 1 | Row 1 |
| 1 2 1 | Row 2 |
| 1 3 3 1 | Row 3 |
| 1 4 6 4 1 | Row 4 |
| 5 10 10 5 1 | Row 5 |
| | |

The numbers in the rows correspond to terms in the Binomial expansion (a + x)n. For example, to find the terms in the fifth row we expand: $(a + x)^5 = 1a^5 + 5a^4x + 10a^3x^2 + 10a^2x^3 +$ 5ax4 + 1x5

The numbers in front of the terms (called the coefficients) give the numbers of families at each level of the cave system.

The sum of the coefficients in each row gives the probability of successive tossing of a coin producing a head (or a tail) repeatedly. For example - what is the probability of getting four heads in four tossings? Look at the fourth row of the triangle. 1 + 4 + 6 + 4 + 1 = 16 — so the probability is 1 in 16.

Winner of Puzzle No 32

The winner is: W R Masefield, Slade Road, Holland-on-Sea, Essex, who receives £10.

Top 10

| Atari | | |
|----------|--|---------------------|
| 1(1) | Preppie (Adver | ture International) |
| 2(7) | Scott Adams Adventure | s (Adventure In- |
| ternat | ional) | |
| 3(4) | Air Strike | (English Software) |
| 4(2) | Jumbo Jet Pilot | (Thorn EMI)* |
| 5(3) | Submarine Commande | r (Thorn EMI)* |
| 6(5) | Snooker and Billiards | (Thorn EMI) |
| 7(-) | Hell Cat Ace (Micro | oprose Software)† |
| 8(-) | War (Advent | ure International)† |
| 9(-) | Soccer | (Thorn EMI)* |
| 10(-) | Snooper Troops 1 | (Spinnaker)† |
| water in | AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF | |

(Figures compiled by Calisto Computers rmingham 021 632 6458)

| Spectrum | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1(1) Time Gate | (Quicksilva)* |
| 2(-) Spectres | (Bug-Byte) |
| 3(3) Escape | New Generation) |
| 4(2) Orbiter | (Silvasoft) |
| 5(6) Adventure 1 | (Abbersoft) |
| 6(8) Football Manager | (Addictive Games)* |
| 7(10) Master File | (Campbell Systems)* |
| 8(7) Espionage Island | (Artic)* |
| 9(-) Night Flite | (Hewson) |
| 10(-) Gulpman | (Campbell Systems) |
| *Doguiroe 40V | |

(Figures compiled by Buffer Micro Shop

=(-) Voodoo Castle
*Cartnidge, †Requires 8K or 16K.
(Figures compiled by the Vic Centre, London 01-992 9904) London 01-769 2887)

Booke

1(1) Spectrum Machine Language for the Absolute Beginner, Tang
2(5) 2X Spectrum Explored, Hartnell
3(c) Assembly Language Programming for the BBC Micro, Birnbaum
4 SBC Micro Revealed, Auston
4 SBC Micro Revealed, Auston
4 Programming the 6502, Zaks
7(-) 35 Programs for the Dragon 32, Langdell
8(-) Over the Spectrum, vanous authors
9(6) Machine Code and Better Basic, Stewart and Jones
9(-) Programming the 280, Zaks

Programming the Z80, Zaks

(Figures compiled by Watford Technical Books, Watford, 0923 23324)
(Last week's position in brackets)

7X81

2(2)

6(6) Gauntlet Flight Simulation Adventure 1 3D Monster Maze

10(9) Chess

1(3) Traxx 2(5) Sargon II Chess 3(7) Jellymonsters 4(2) Defenda

7(8) Myriad

8(9) Blitz 9(6) Adventureland 10=(10) Spiders of Mars =(-) Voodoo Castle

Grid Runner

Frogger 3D Defender Mazogs

(Figures supplied by Buffer Micro Shop, London 01-769 2887)

Mazeman

Gulp II

LOSERS pulling the plug out, denying the computer a goal scoring opportunity. OFF! unbeatable program Soccer: PROFESSIONAL FOUL

SPECTRUM COMES TO LIFE! ABBEX

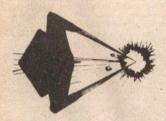
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